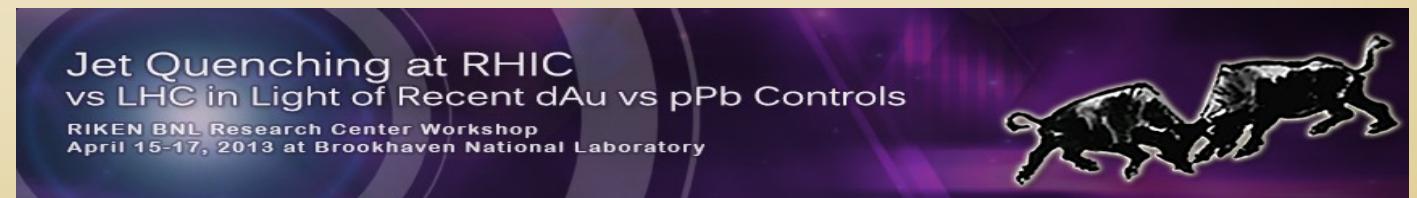


Cronin and Shadowing in pA

(PRC80 014903 2009; PRC85, 024903, 2012)

Gergely Gábor Barnaföldi, J. Barrette, M. Gyulassy,
Sz. Harangozó, P. Lévai, G. Papp, V. Topor Pop

Wigner RCP RMI of the HAS, Eötvös Loránd University,
Columbia University, Mc Gill University



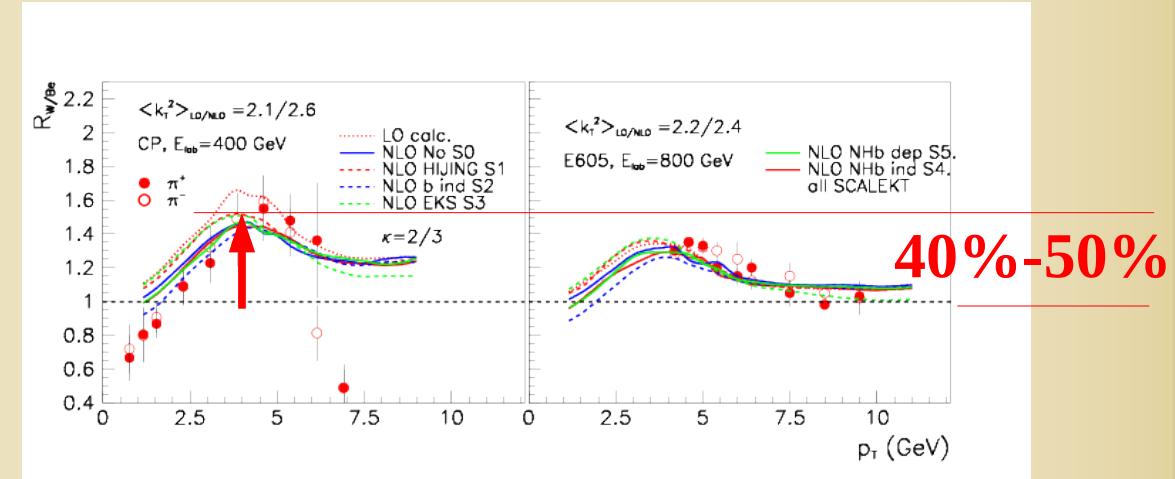
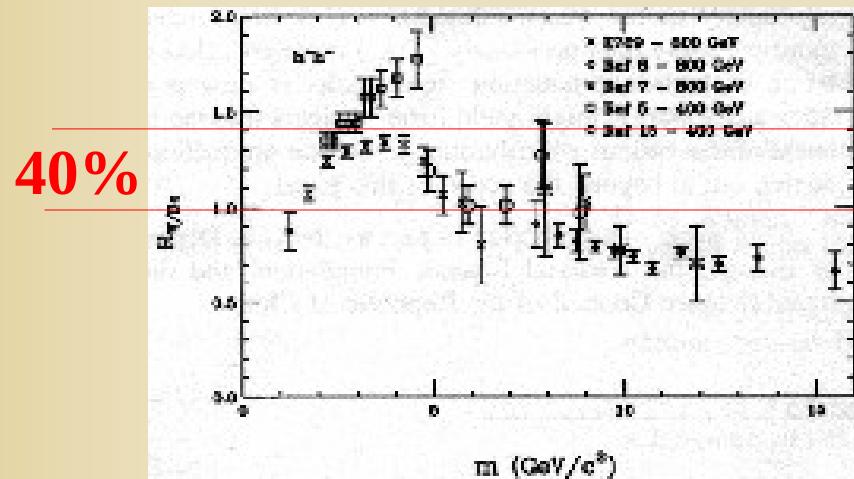
OUTLINE

- Motivation for pA/dAu collisions
 - pA/dAu collisions from 30 AGeV to 5 ATeV
 - How latest results fit into the picture.
 - What phenomenology have we learnt by the 'Cronin effect' so far?
- Nuclear shadowing
 - Suppression at low- x
 - High- p_T nuclear effects @ midrapidity & large y
- Cronin effect
 - Enhancement in pA
 - Saturated Glauber picture and the Cronin effect

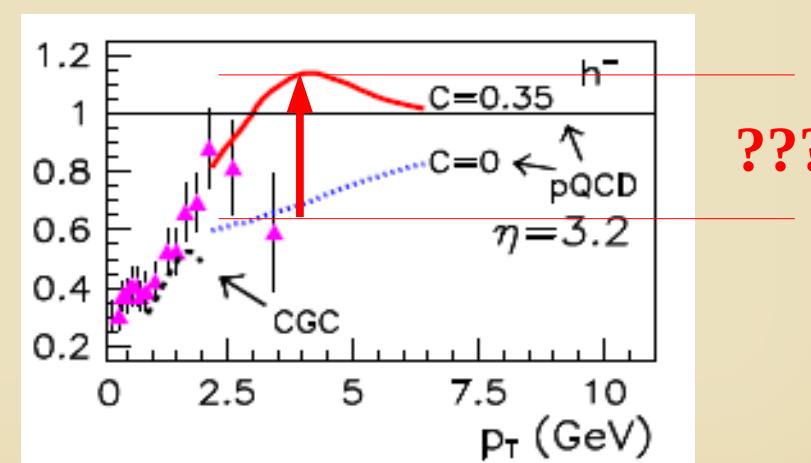
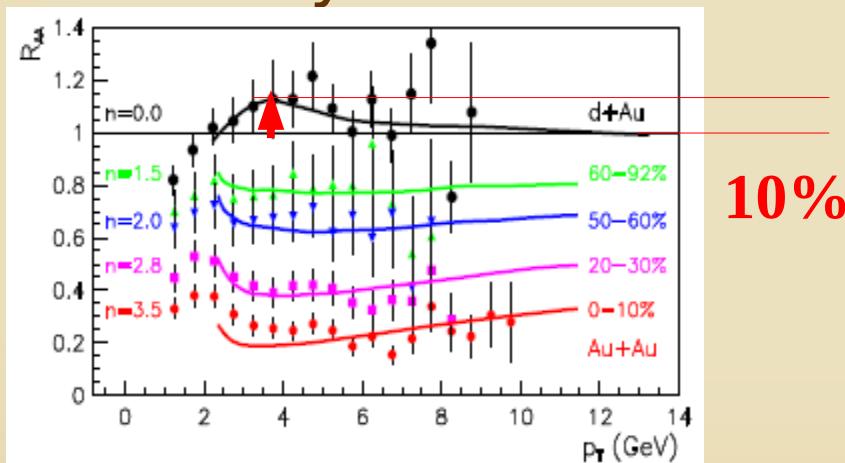
MOTIVATION

- Cronin effect at SPS energies

Brown et al: PRD11 (1975) 3105, Ric.Sci.Edu.Perm Suppl. 122 (2003) 541



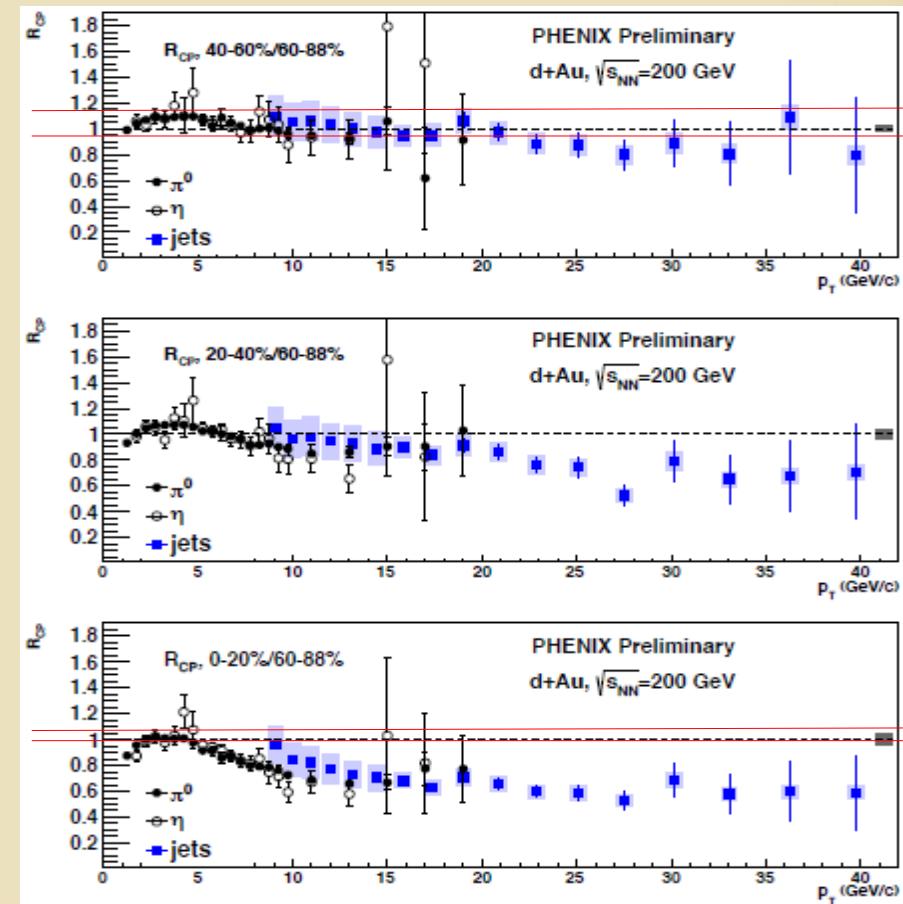
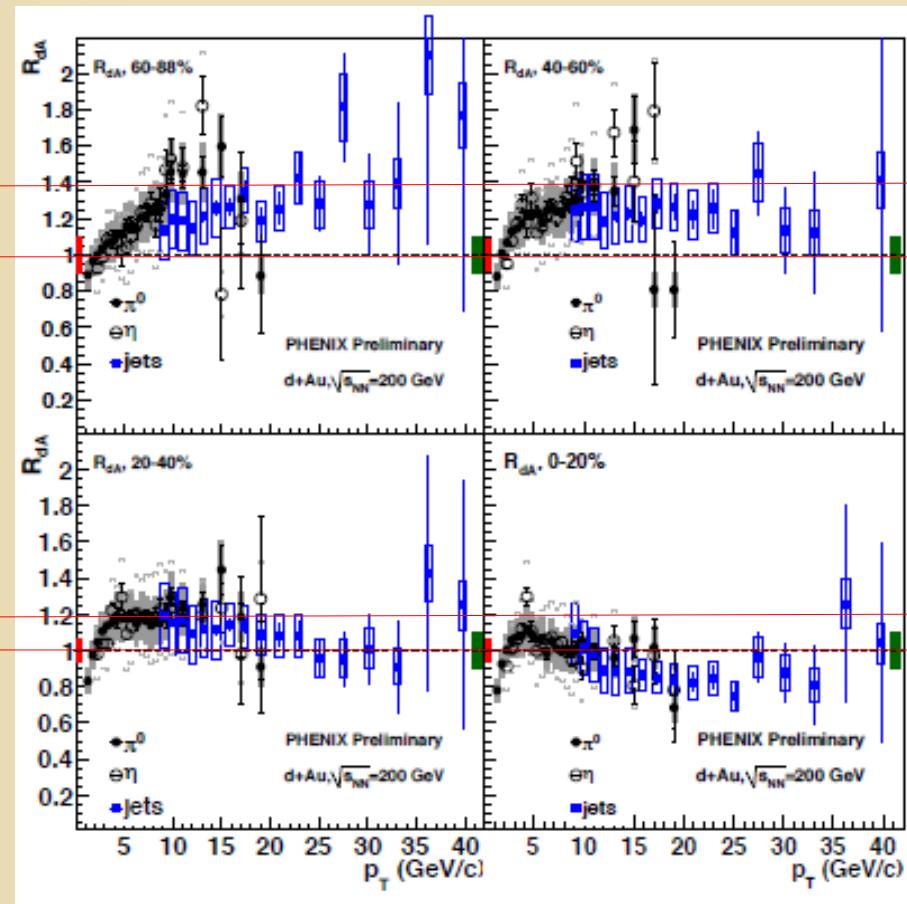
- RHIC analysis on dAu and AuAu



MOTIVATION

- Motivation for pPb/dAu collisions

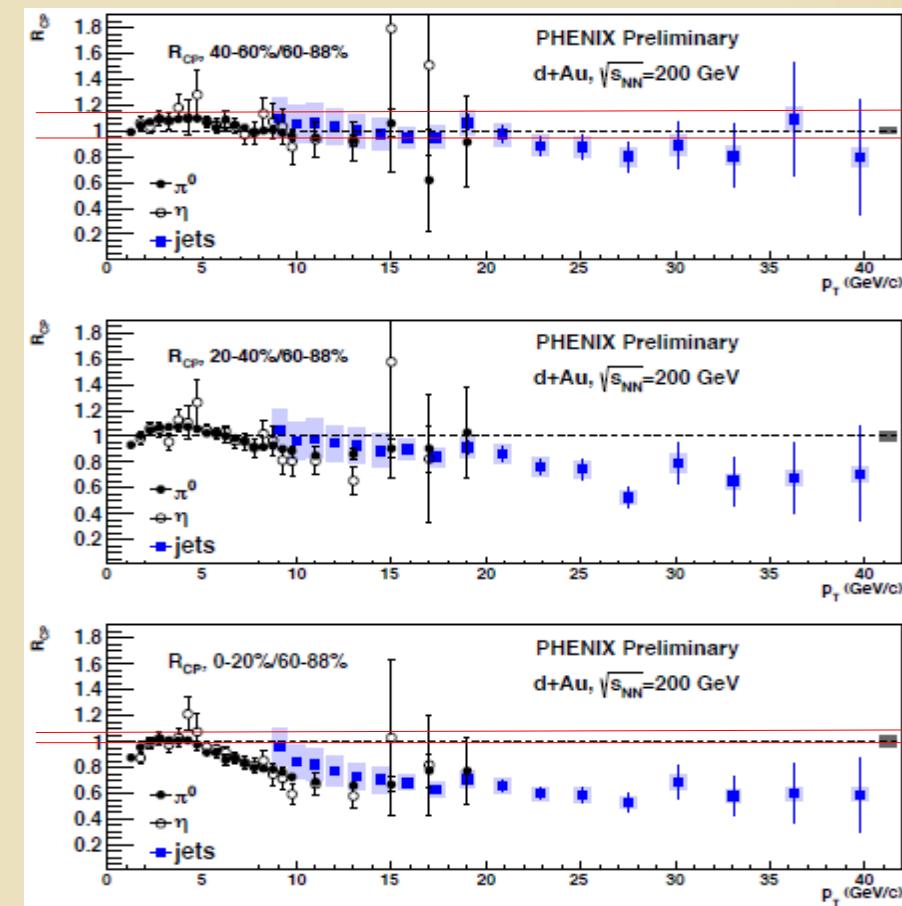
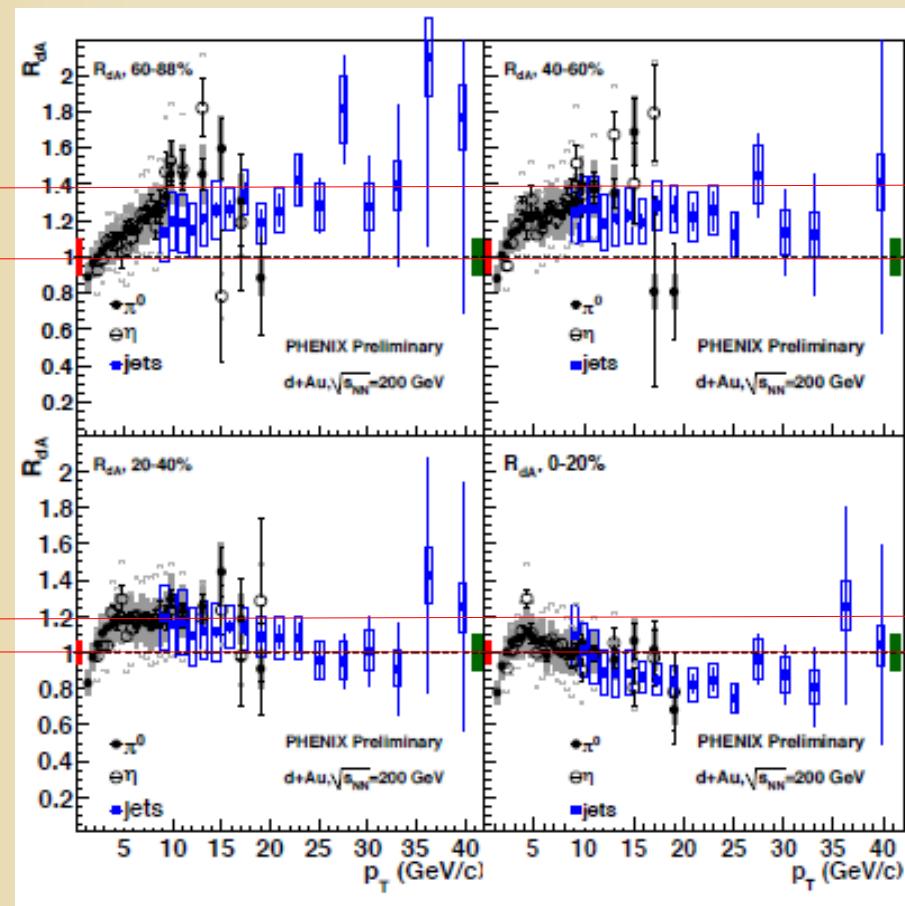
Preliminary dAu data from PHENIX@QM12 (B. Sahlmueller)



MOTIVATION

- Motivation for pPb/dAu collisions

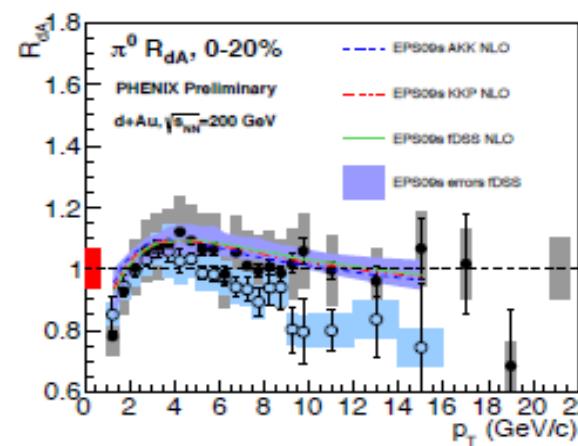
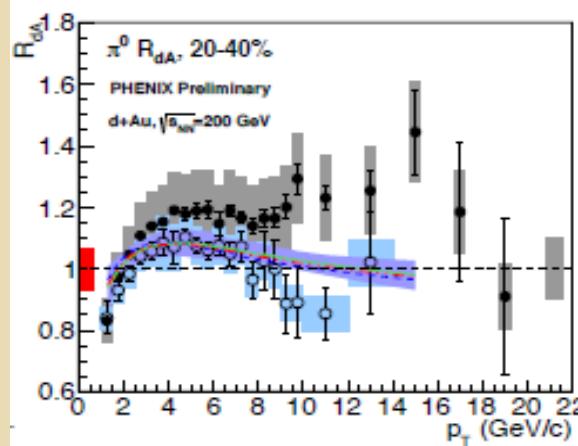
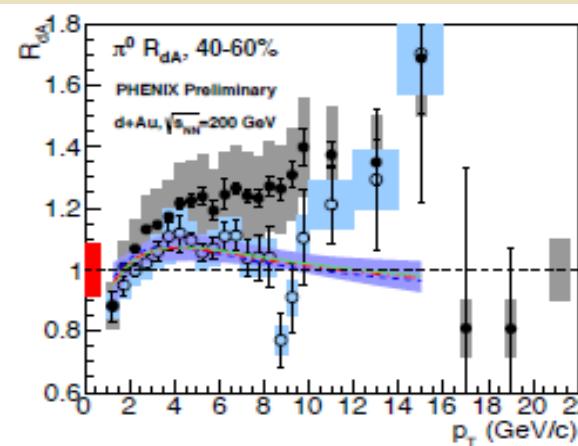
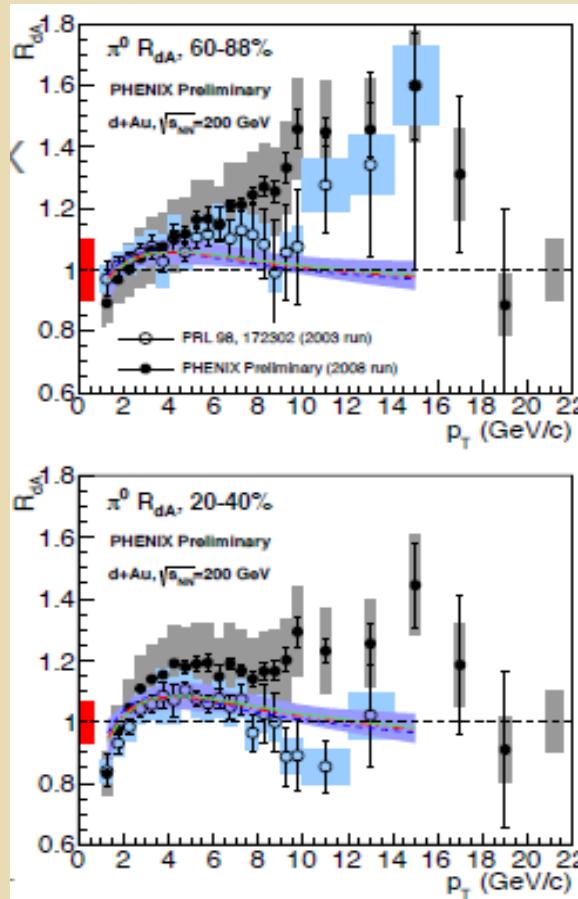
R_{dAu} ($y=0$, p_T) $>$ R_{CP} ($y=0$, p_T), seems OK, but strong...



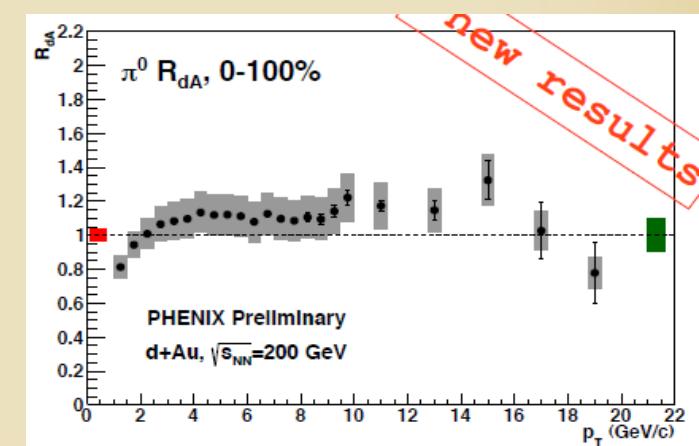
MOTIVATION

- Motivation for pPb/dAu collisions

Preliminary dAu data from PHENIX@QM12 (B. Sahlmueller)



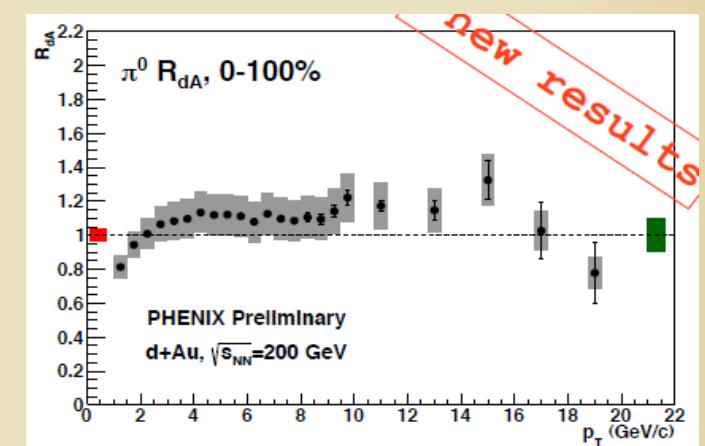
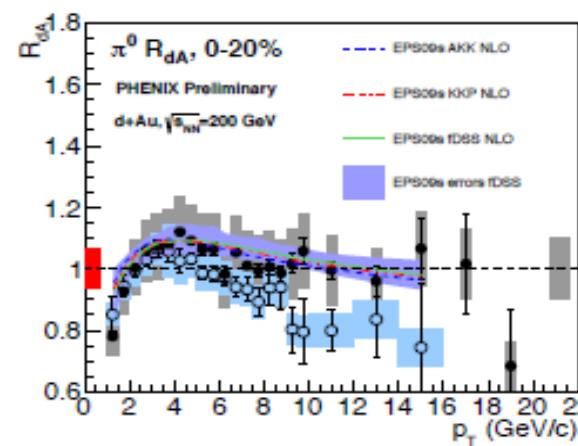
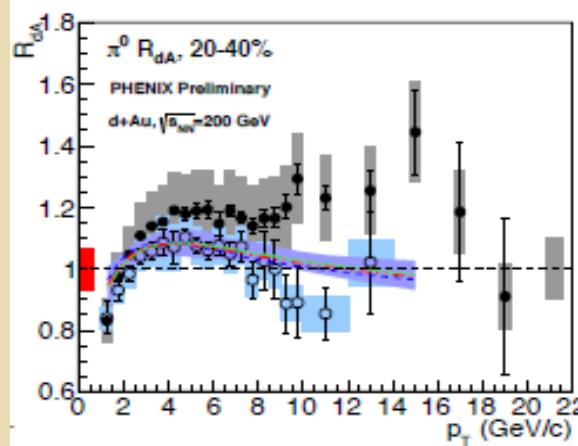
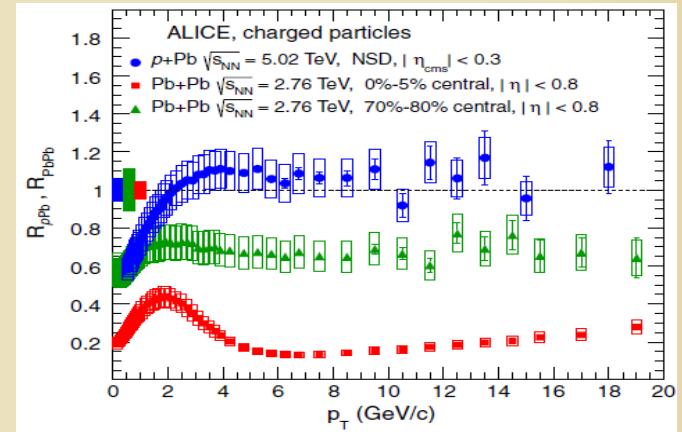
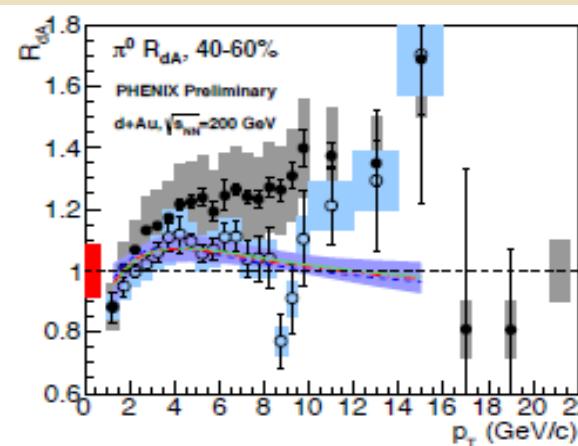
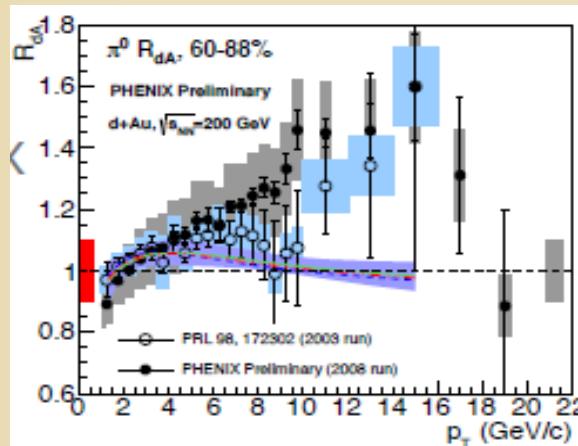
2008 data is not final,
but differ at $p_T > 6$ GeV/c
in all centralities from
data taken in 2003



MOTIVATION

- Motivation for pPb/dAu collisions

The RHIC MB is similar to the ALICE LHC MB data



What have we learnt about Cronin so far?

- Overall properties of MB case:

CM energy dependence: Higher the \sqrt{s} lower the peak

No relevant change in the place of the peak

Shape is similar, but hard to say anything on width

C.M. Energy [GeV]	Peak' s place p_T [GeV/c]	Max effect. [%]	Type
27.4	4	50%	pW/pBe
38.8	4	40%	pW/pBe
200	4	10-15%	dAu/pp
5020	4	10%	pPb/pp

- Centrality & Rapidity dependence

Anomalous increase in peripheral collisions

Suppression of the peak in forward ($y>0$): less or no peak

No measurement in the backward ($y<0$): ????

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Shadowing

- Centrality & Rapidity dependence

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Geometry & Multiple Scattering

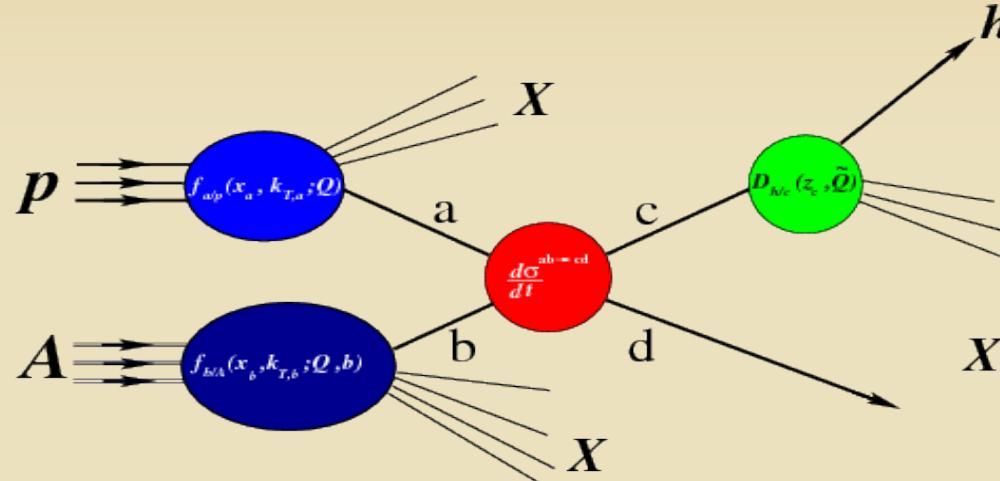
- Centrality & Rapidity dependence

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No measurement in the backward ($y<0$): ????

Models & Parameters



HIJING B/B 2.0

PRC83 024902, PRC84 022002 (2010)

Modified version of HIJING 2.0

Minijet cutoff: $p_0 = 3.1$ GeV/c

$$p_0(s, A) = 0.416 \sqrt{s}^{0.191} A^{0.128} \text{ GeV}/c$$

String tension: $\kappa = 2.9$ GeV/fm

$$\kappa(s, A) = \kappa_0 (s/s_0)^{0.06} A^{0.167} \text{ GeV/fm.}$$

PDF: GRV+ HIJING shadowing

FF: PYTHIA + minijet

kTpQCD_v2.0

PRC65 (2002)034903

NLO pQCD based parton model with intrinsic- k_T , k_T - broadening, and various shadowing parametrization.

$$E_\pi \frac{d\sigma_\pi^{da}}{d^3 p_\pi} = f_{a/d}(x_a, Q^2; \mathbf{k}_{Ta}) \otimes f_{b/Au}(x_b, Q^2; \mathbf{k}_{Tb}) \otimes \frac{d\sigma^{ab \rightarrow cd}}{dt} \otimes \frac{D_{\pi/c}(z_c, \hat{Q}^2)}{\pi z_c^2}, \quad (1)$$

PDF:GRV/MRST+Shad, FF:KKP

on the Shadowing

aka suppression

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

- What experiment gives... :

- No relevant change in the place of the peak

- Shape is similar, but hard to say anything on width

- Anomalous increase in peripheral collisions

- Suppression of the peak in forward ($y>0$): less or no peak

- No measurement in the backward ($y<0$): ????

- you just take into account in a theory...

- Peak does not move or very slowly: assume no or $\log(s)$ dependence, and not follows x .

- MB agrees with models: integrated values are constraints

- Geometry matters: shadowing, nuclear size/density, rapidity, asymmetry, correlations, etc

The Spectra and $R_{pPb}(p_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$ & 0.3

Predictions by kTpQCD_2.0 @ 5.02 ATeV & 0.2 AGeV

Shadowing:

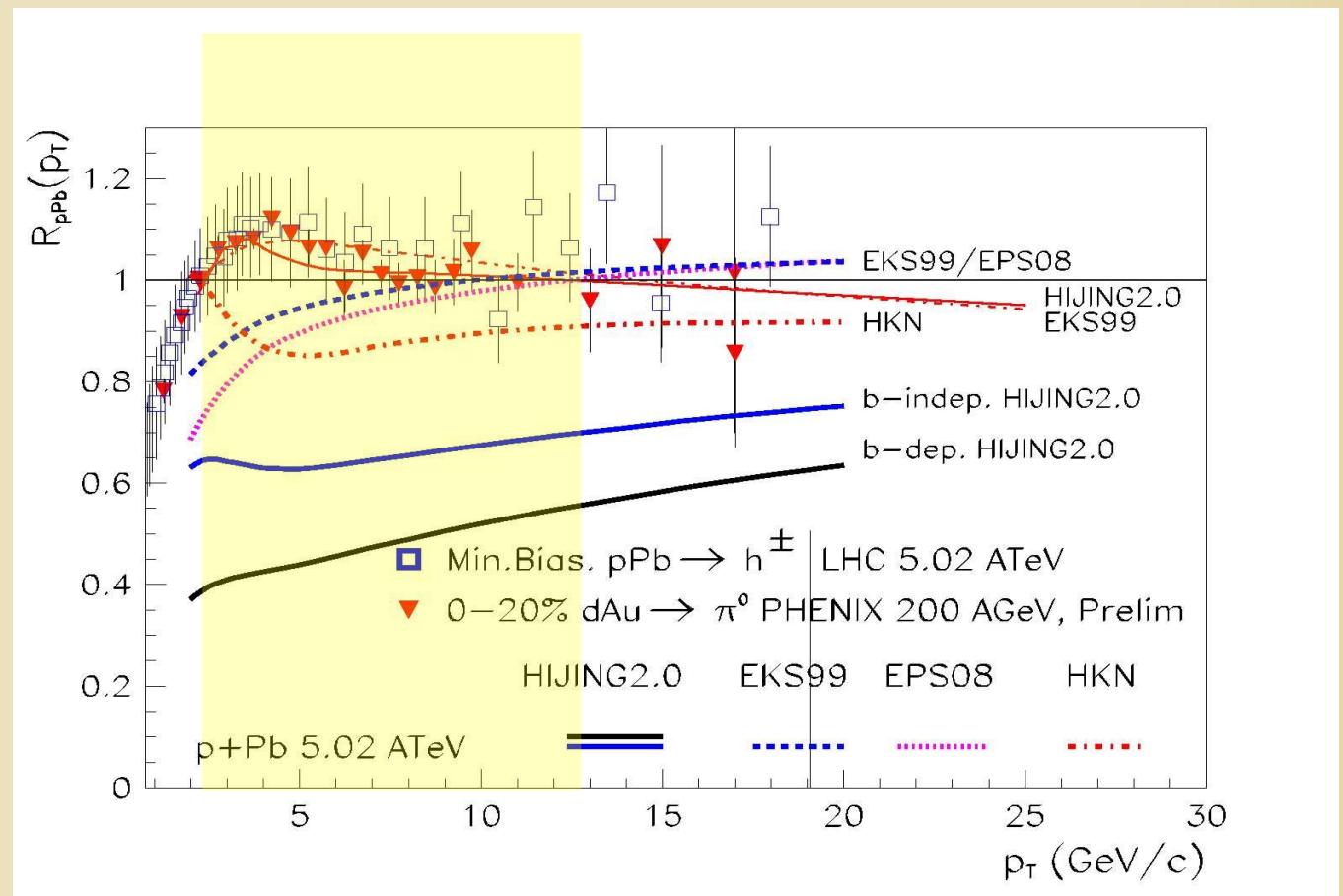
$$f_{a/A}(x, Q^2) = S_{a/A}(x, Q^2) f_{a/N}(x, Q^2)$$

b-dependent part

$$s_a(b) = s_a \frac{5}{3} \left(1 - \frac{b^2}{R_A^2}\right)$$

with

$$R_A = 1.12A^{1/3}$$



GGB, J. Barrette, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop: PRC 024903 (2012), arXiv:1211.2256, Int. Mod. Phys E22 1330007 (2013)

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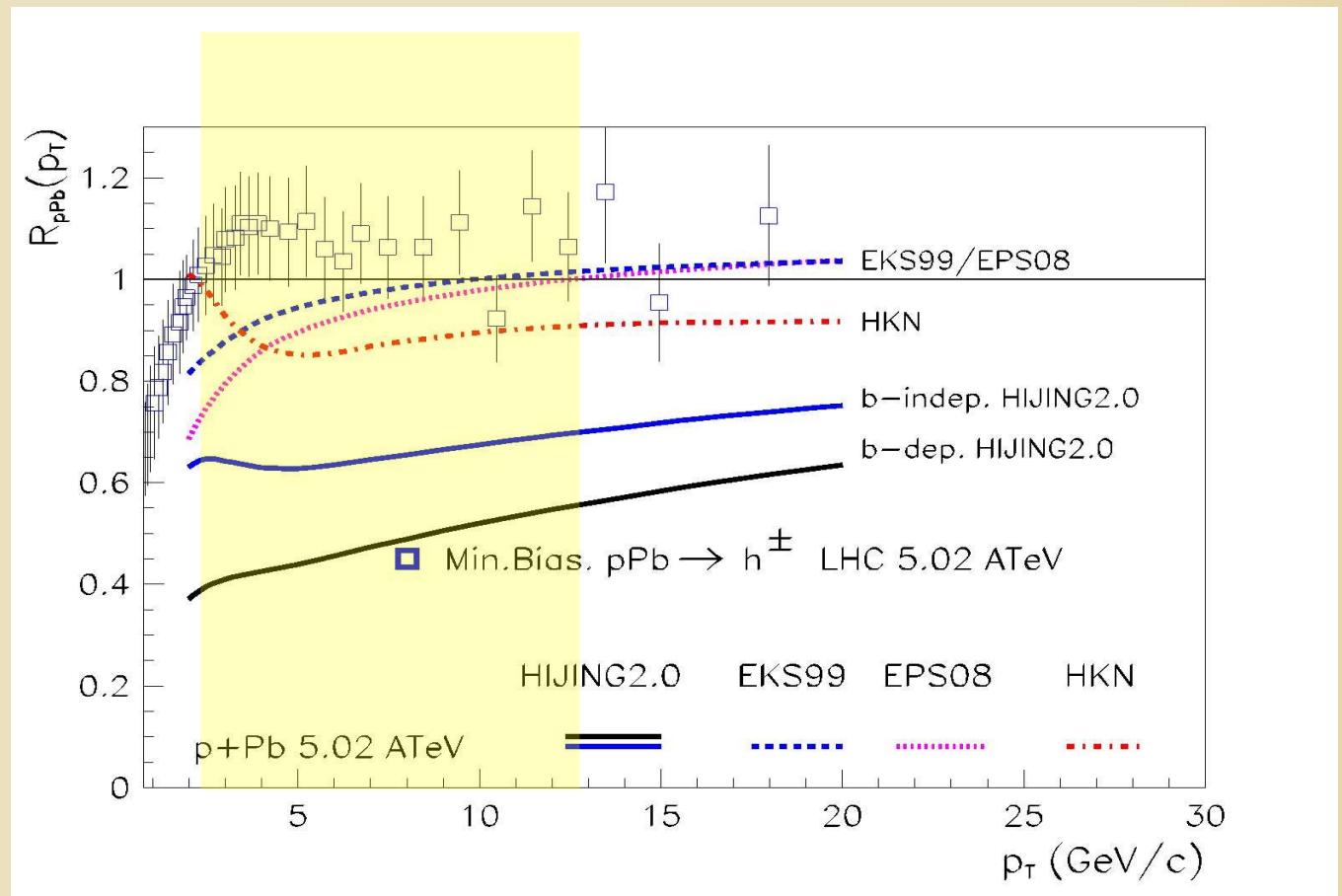
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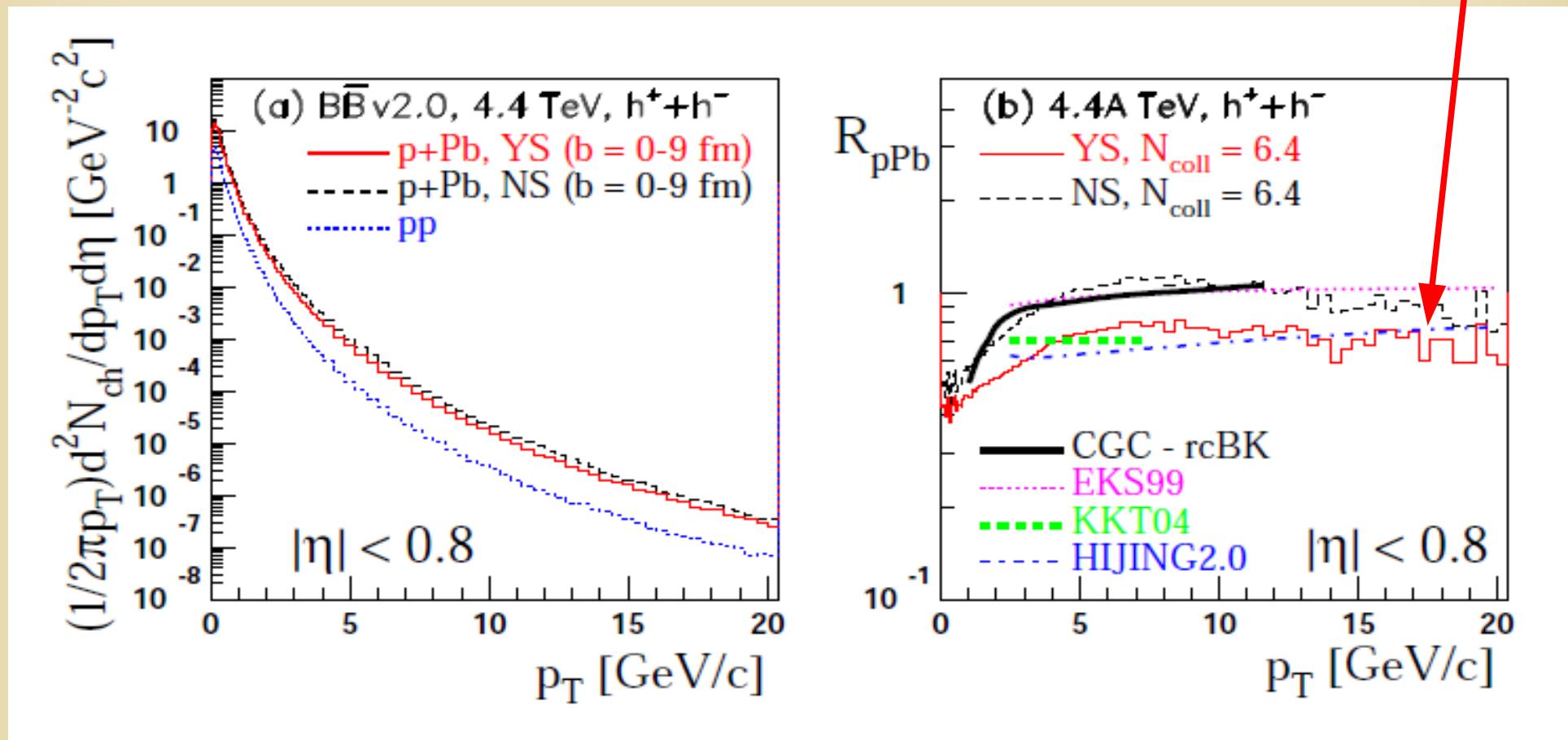
$$R_A = 1.12A^{1/3}$$



GGB, J. Barrette, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop: PRC 024903 (2012), arXiv:1211.2256, Int. Mod. Phys E22 1330007 (2013)

The Spectra and $R_{pPb}(p_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.8$

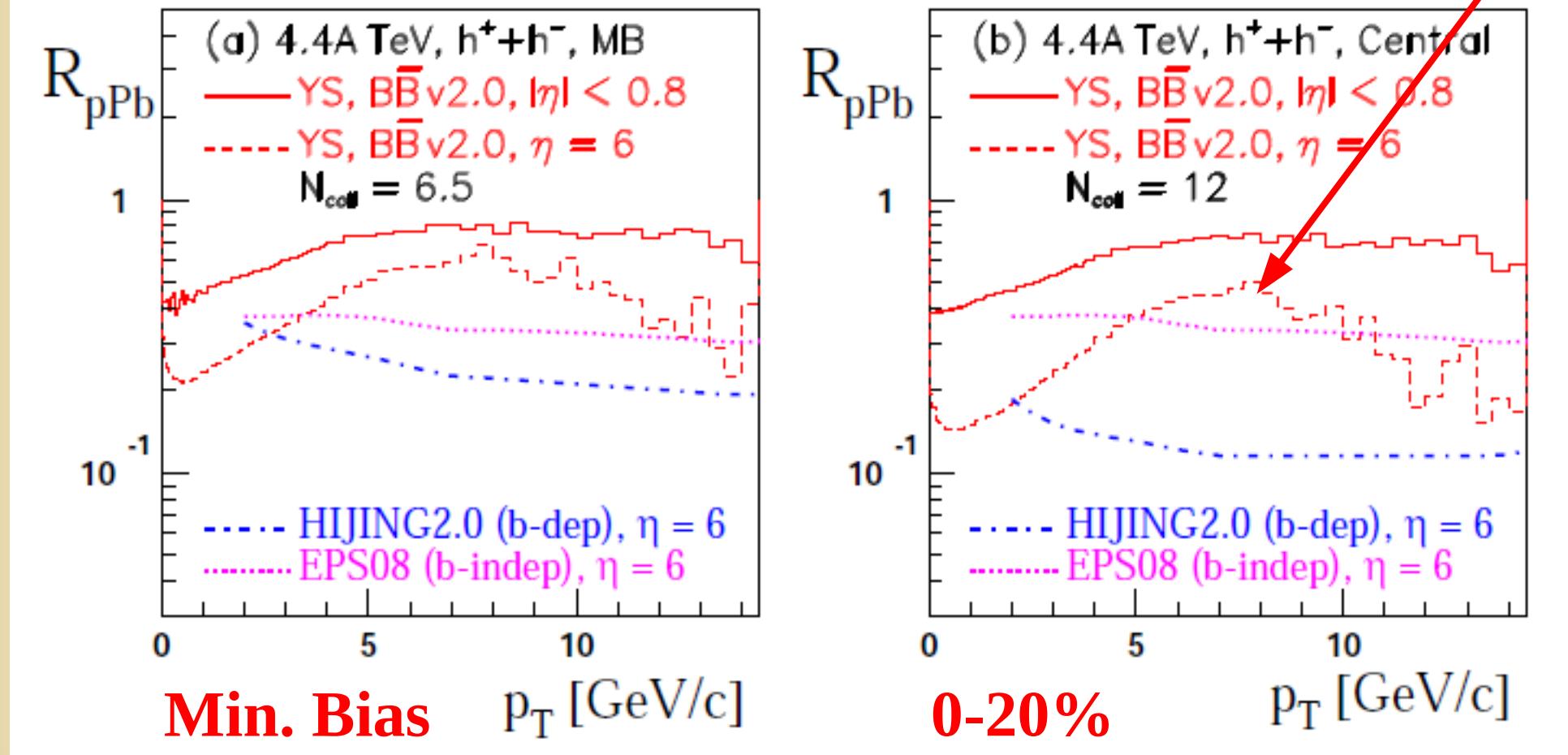
Charged hadron production with HIJING 2.0 @ 4.4 ATeV $R_{pA} \sim 0.7$



GGB, J. Barrette, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop PRC85 024903 (2012)

Forward $R_{pPb}(p_T)$ at $|\eta| < 0.8$ & $\eta = 6.0$

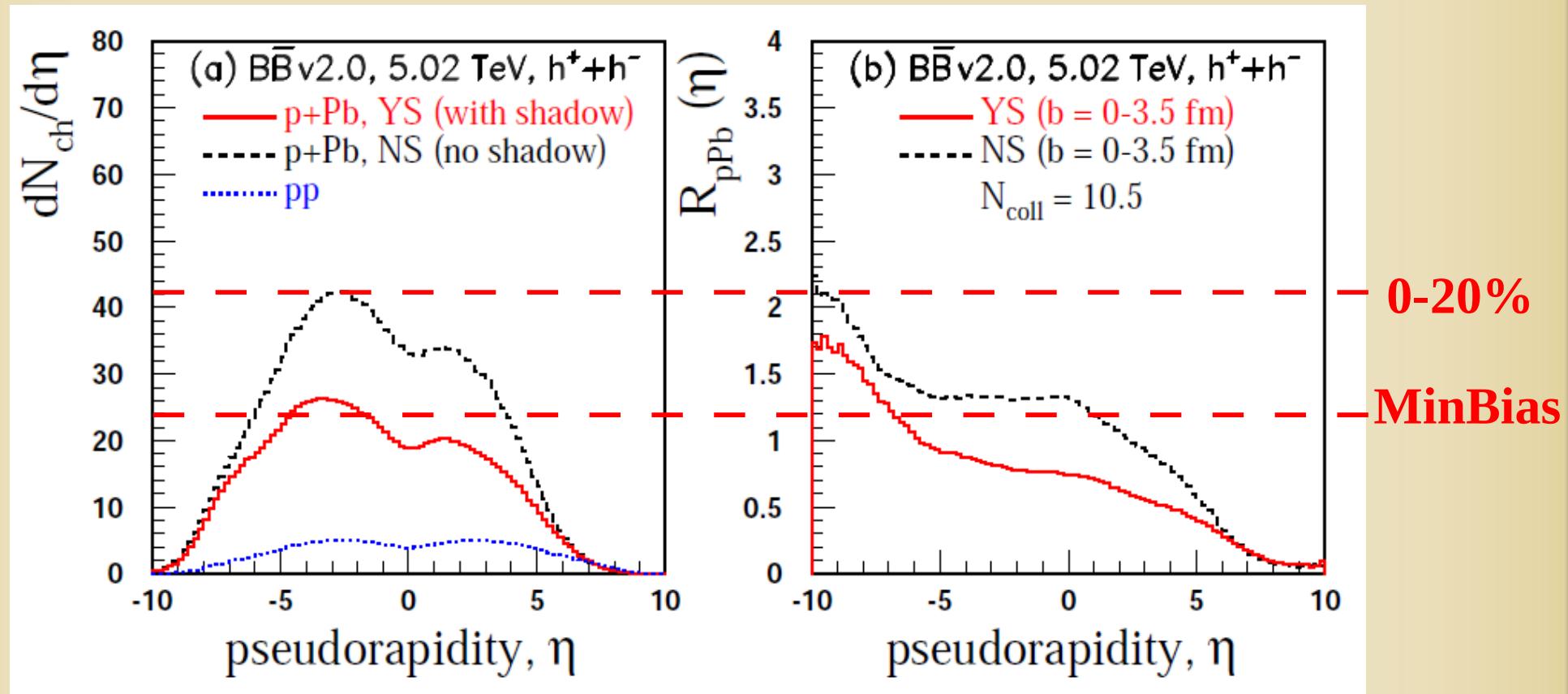
Charged hadron production with HIJING 2.0 @ 4.4 ATeV $R_{pA} \sim 0.35$



GGB, J. Barrette, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop PRC85 024903 (2012)

HIJINGB/B 2.0: Rapidity distribution for pp & pPb

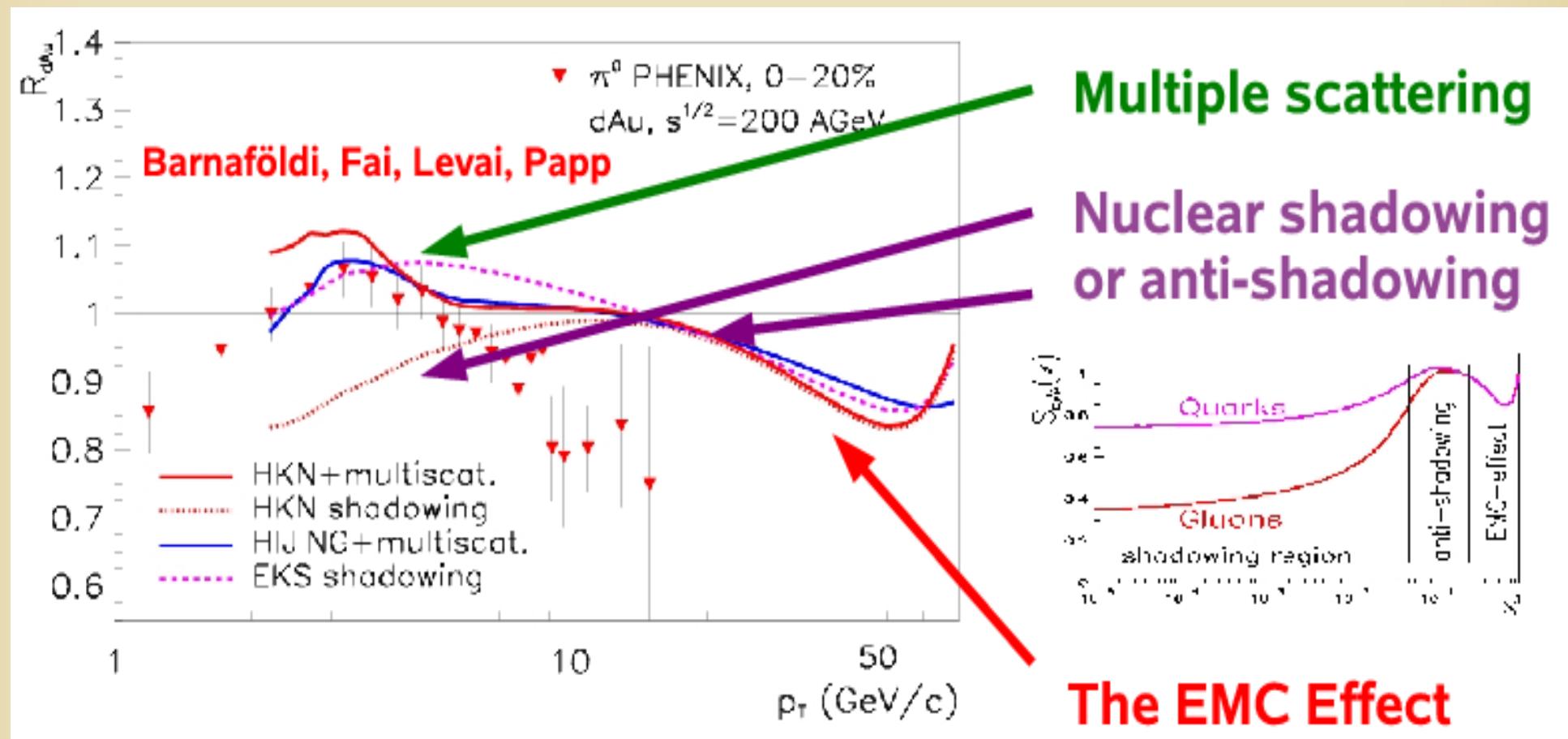
Charged hadron production with HIJING 2.0 @ 5.02 ATeV (0-20%)



GGB, J. Barret, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop (in preparation 2012)

Shadowing effects on $R_{dAu}(p_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$

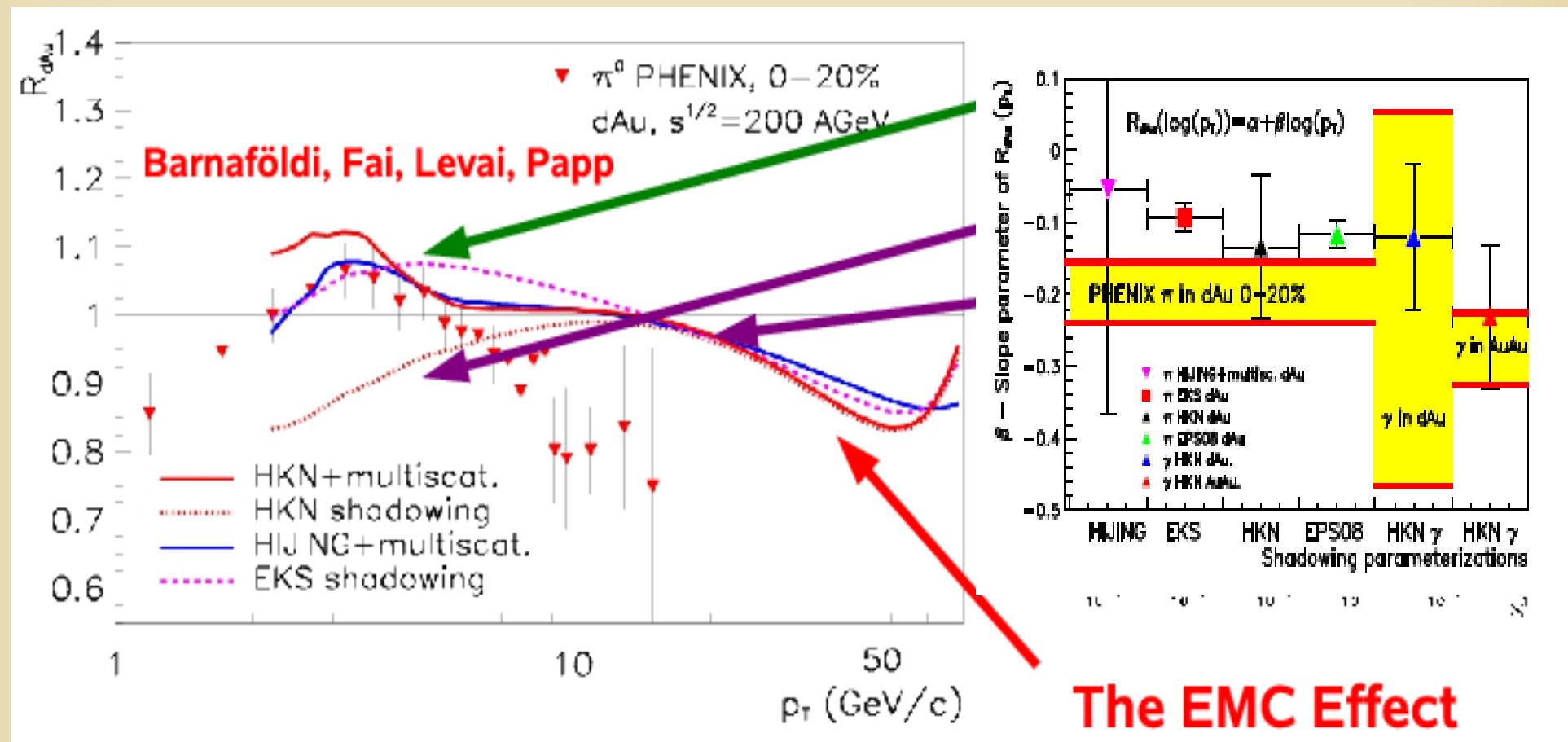
Extreme high- p_T Pion production with kTpQCD @ 200 AGeV



BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

Shadowing effects on $R_{dAu}(p_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$

Slopes & values are OK with new dAu 0-20% data @ 200 AGeV

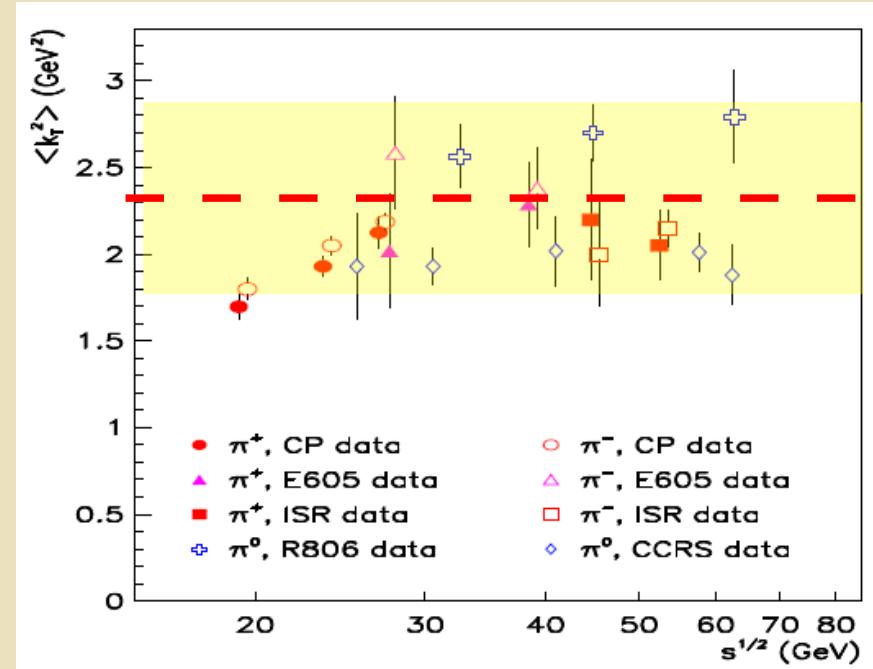
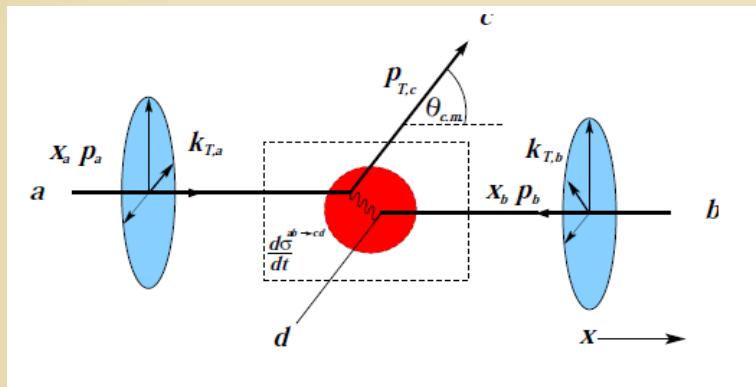


BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

on the Multiple Scattering aka the enhancement

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

Intrinsic k_T from theory & pp experiments



k_T -broadening:

$$f_{a/p}(x_a, k_{Ta}, Q^2) = f_{a/p}(x_a, Q^2) \cdot g_{a/p}(k_{Ta})$$

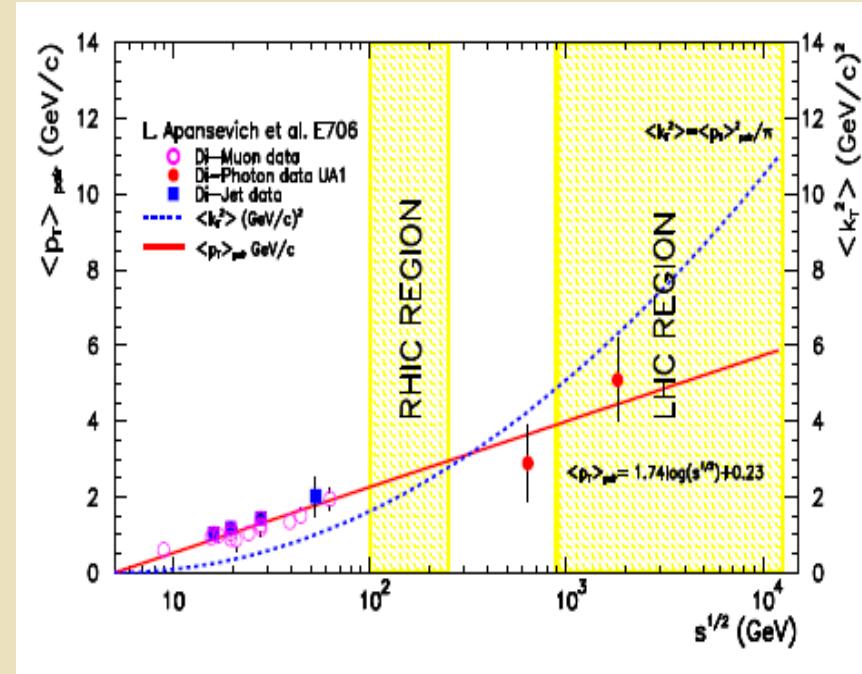
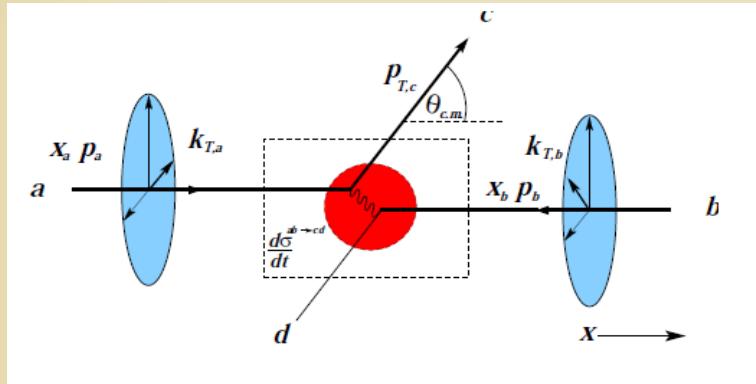
$$g_{a/n}(k_T) := \frac{1}{\pi \langle k_T^2 \rangle} e^{-k_T^2 / \langle k_T^2 \rangle}$$

$$\langle k_T^2 \rangle_{pp} = \langle p_T \rangle_{pair}^2 / \pi$$

Y. Zhang, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, PRC65 034903 (2002)

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

Intrinsic k_T from theory & pp experiments



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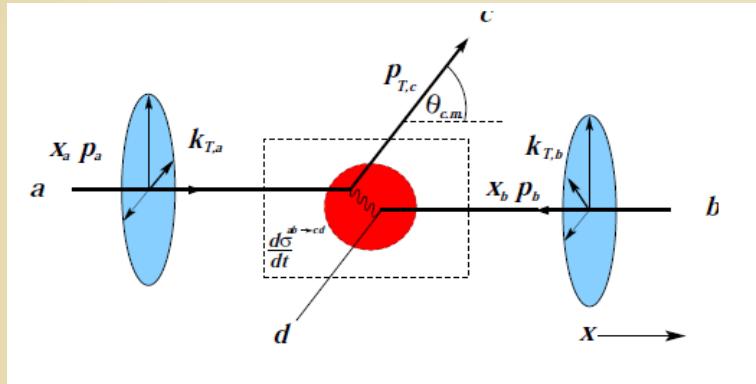
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BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

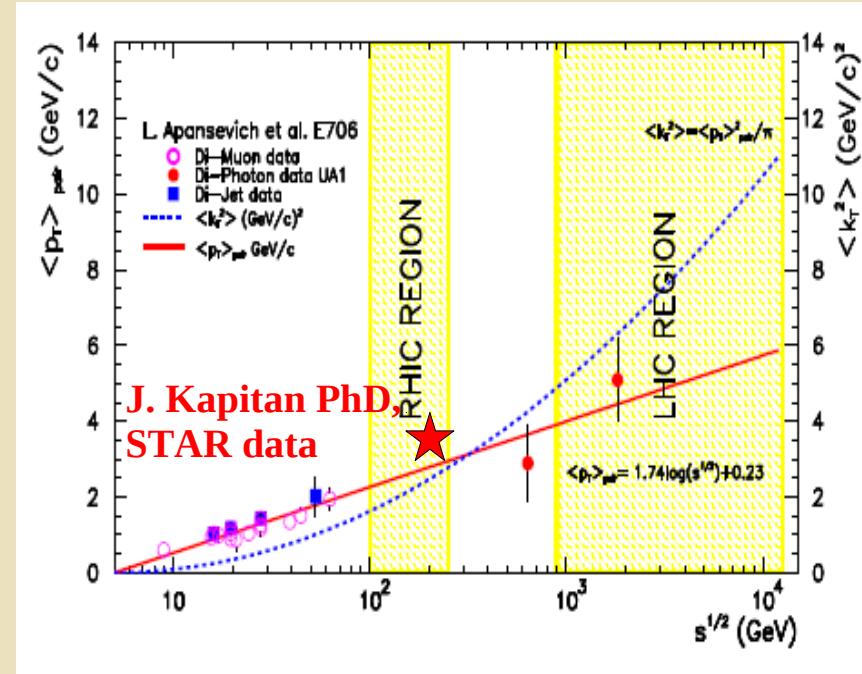
Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

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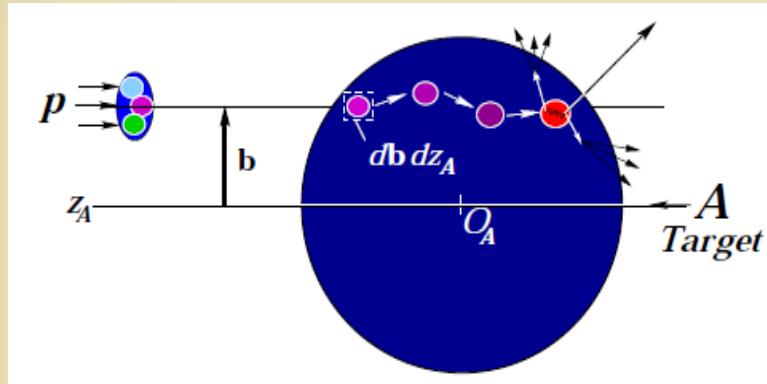
BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

J. Kapitan, PhD Thesis, 2011

G.G. Barnaföldi: Cronin & Shadowing in pA

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

Glauber model



$$\int_0^{b_{max}} t_A(b) d^2b = \int_0^{b_{max}} d^2b \int dz \rho(b, z) = A$$

with nuclear density:

$$\rho(r) = \frac{\rho_0}{1 + e^{\frac{r-r_0}{c}}}$$

There must be **1 hard** and, further semi-hard collisions
(number of NN collisions):

$$\nu_A(b) = \sigma_{NN}^{in} \cdot t_A(b)$$

NN-like collisions followed by enhancement of intrinsic k_T

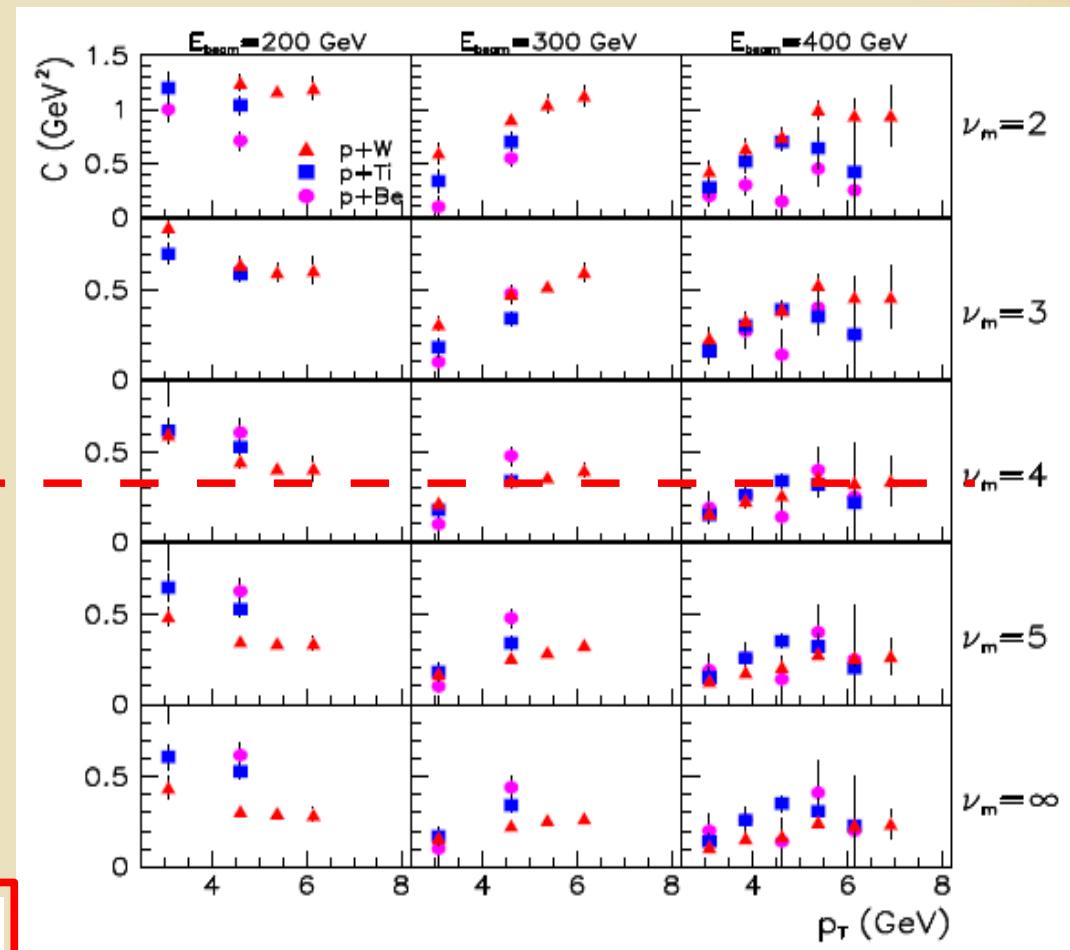
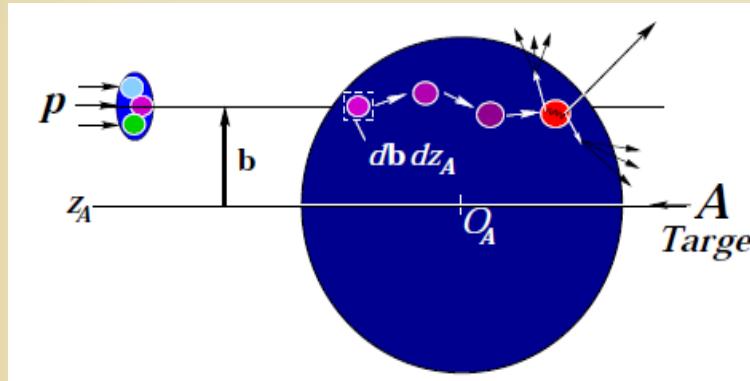
PA: Gaussian broadening

$$g_{a/p}(k_{T,a}, b) := \frac{1}{\pi \langle k_{Ta}^2(b) \rangle_{pA}} e^{-\frac{k_{T,a}^2}{\langle k_{Ta}^2(b) \rangle_{pA}}}$$

BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

Phenomenological determination of the broadening



k_T -broadening:

$$g_{a/p}(k_{T,a}, b) := \frac{1}{\pi \langle k_{Ta}^2(b) \rangle_{pA}} e^{-\frac{k_{T,a}^2(b)}{\langle k_{Ta}^2(b) \rangle_{pA}}}$$

$$\langle k_T^2(b) \rangle_{pA} := \langle k_T^2 \rangle_{pp} + C_{pA}^{sat} \cdot h_{pA}^{sat}(b)$$

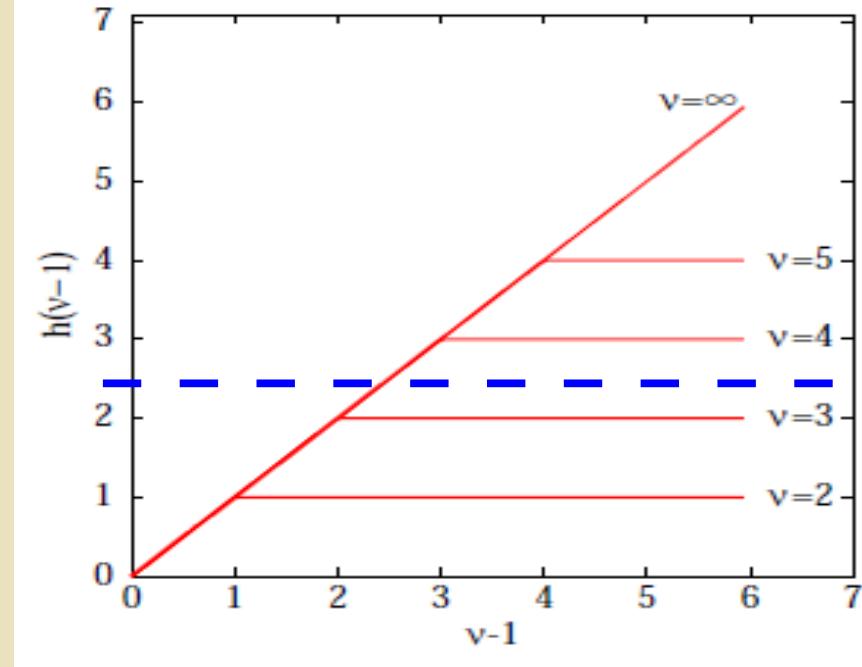
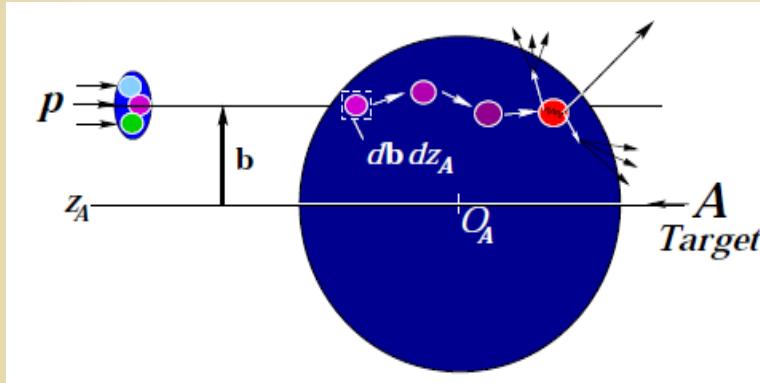
$$C_{pA}^{sat} \approx 0.35 \pm 0.05 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\nu_{max} = 3 - 4$$

BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

Intrinsic k_T from theory & pA experiment



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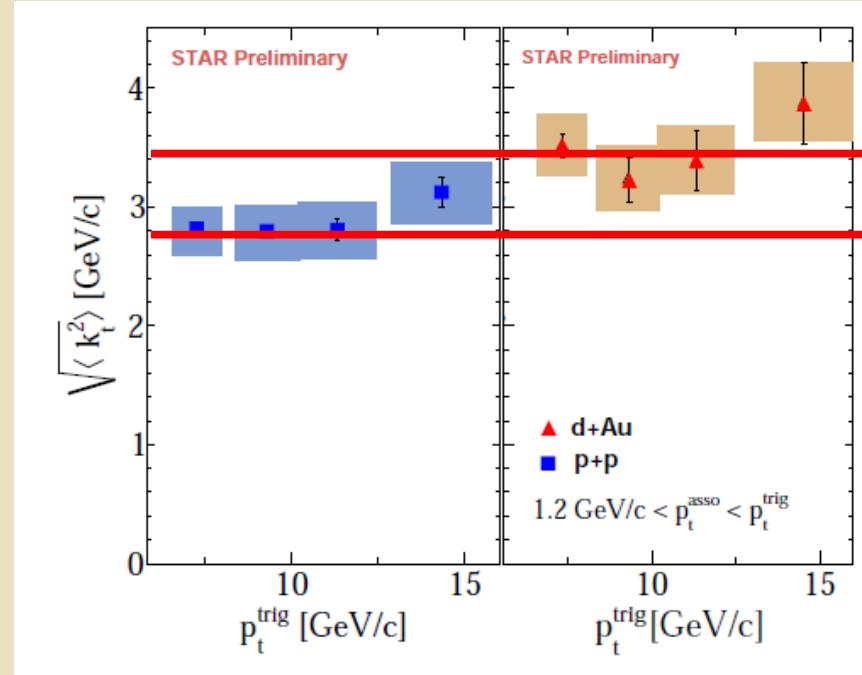
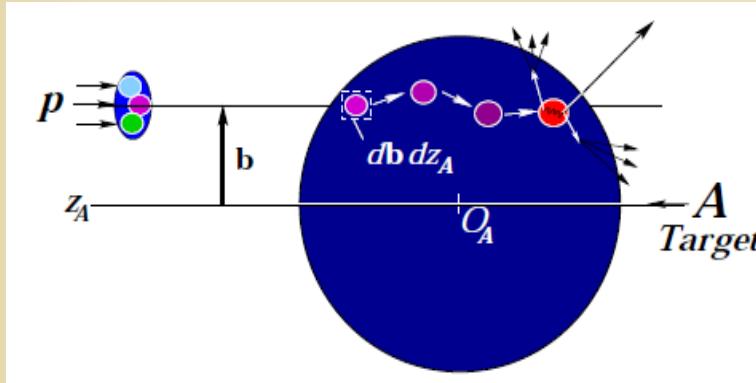
Saturated Glauber model:

$$h_{pA}^{sat}(b) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{ha } \nu_A(b) < 1 \\ \nu_A(b) - 1 & \text{ha } 1 \leq \nu_A(b) < 4 \\ 3 & \text{ha } \nu_A(b) \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

Intrinsic k_T from theory & pp/dAu experiments



k_T -broadening:

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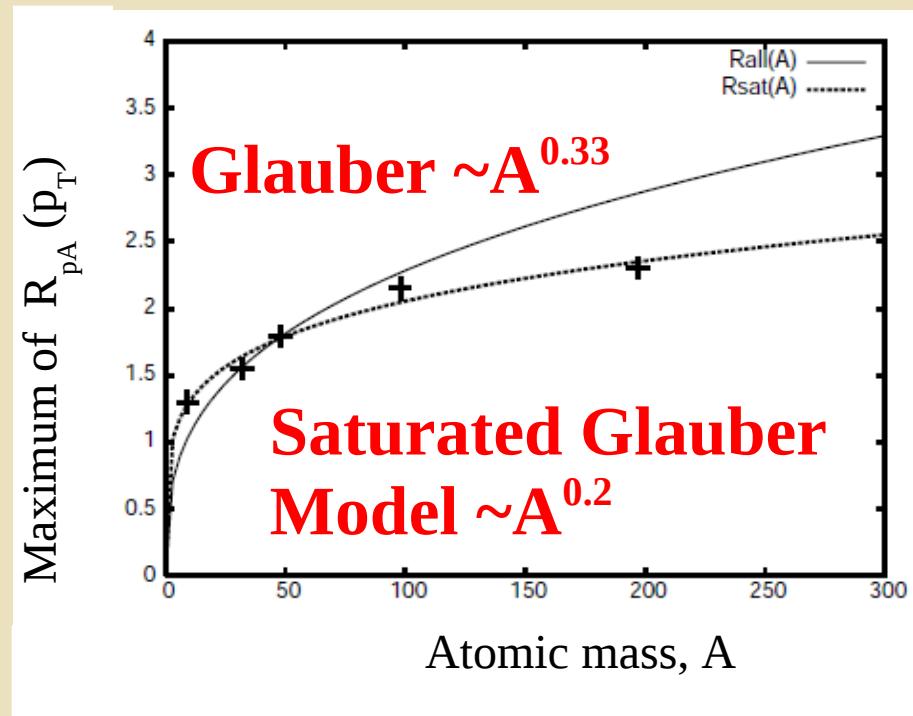
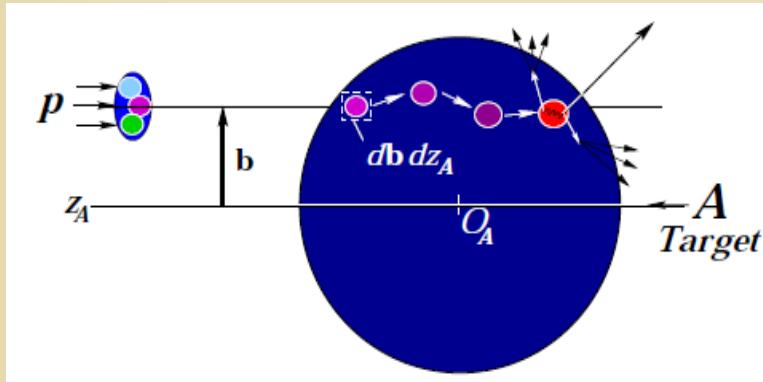
$$\langle k_T^2 \rangle_{pp} = \langle p_T \rangle_{\text{pair}}^2 / \pi$$

- p+p collisions: $\sigma_{kT,\text{raw}} = 2.80 \pm 0.05(\text{stat.})^{+0.17}_{-0.29}(\text{syst.})$ GeV/c
- 0-20% d+Au col.: $\sigma_{kT,\text{raw}} = 3.00 \pm 0.07(\text{stat.})^{+0.18}_{-0.15}(\text{syst.})$ GeV/c

BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

A proposed effect of saturated Cronin effect on NMF



NMF as we know:

$$R_{pA}^h(p_T) := \frac{1}{\langle N_{bin} \rangle_A} \cdot \frac{d^3\sigma_{pA}^h/d^3p_T}{d^3\sigma_{pp}^h/d^3p_T}$$

As it was in the beginning, for MB (see e.g. W. Busza's talk)

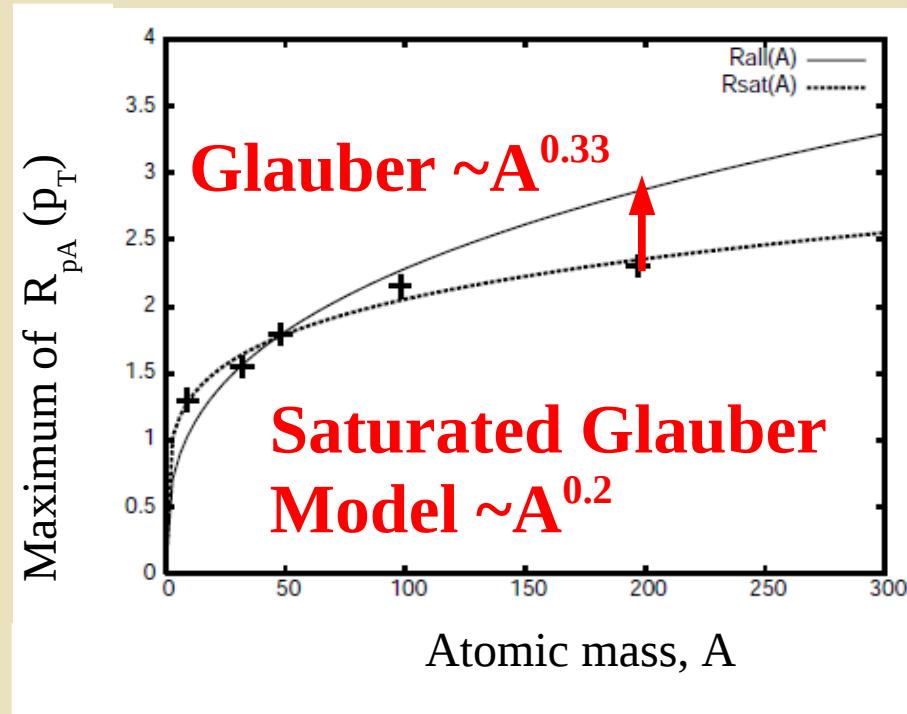
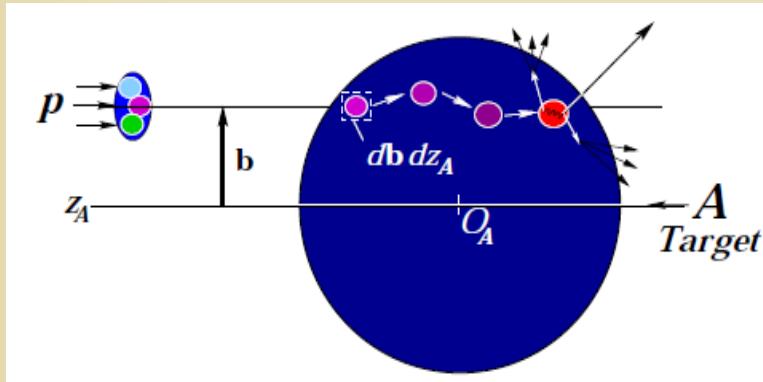
$$\frac{d^3\sigma_{pA}^h/d^3p_T}{d^3\sigma_{pp}^h/d^3p_T} \sim A^{\alpha(p_T)} \quad \longrightarrow \quad R_{pA}^h \sim A^{\alpha(p_T)-1}$$

G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, PRC61 (2000) 021902,

GGB PhD Thesis, 2006

Multiple Scattering in kTpQCD_v2.0

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$$R_{pA}^h \sim A^{\alpha(p_T)-1}$$

20% effect for large A

G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, PRC61 (2000) 021902,

GGB PhD Thesis, 2006

Suggestion for take away...

It is high time to understand the Cronin effect!

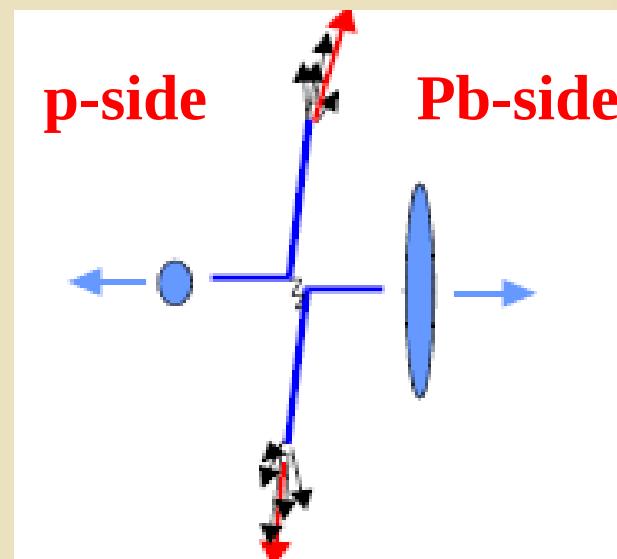
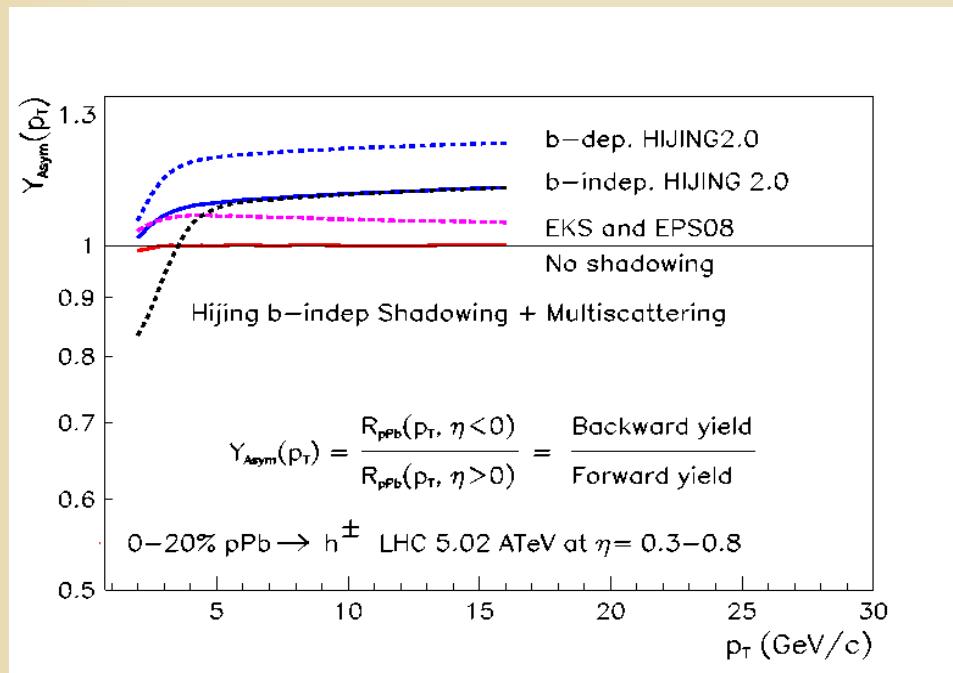
- High precision experimental data are available!
 - Handle with care
 - Make consistent physical picture (10 AGeV to 10 ATeV)
 - We have tools to test it (energy, geometry, etc.)
 - Universal description requires solid baseline :-)
 - Suggest a pA study experiment....
- Can we test the Saturated Glauber picture?
 - Test of geometry and scalings.
 - Large rapidities (forward & backward)
 - Correlations

B A C K U P

Rapidity asymmetry for pBe at FNAL

Pion production with kTpQCD for pPb@ 5.02 ATeV $|\eta| [0.3:0.8]$

$$Y_{Asym}^h(p_T) = \frac{E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{dp_T^3} \Big|_{\eta < 0}}{E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{dp_T^3} \Big|_{\eta > 0}}$$

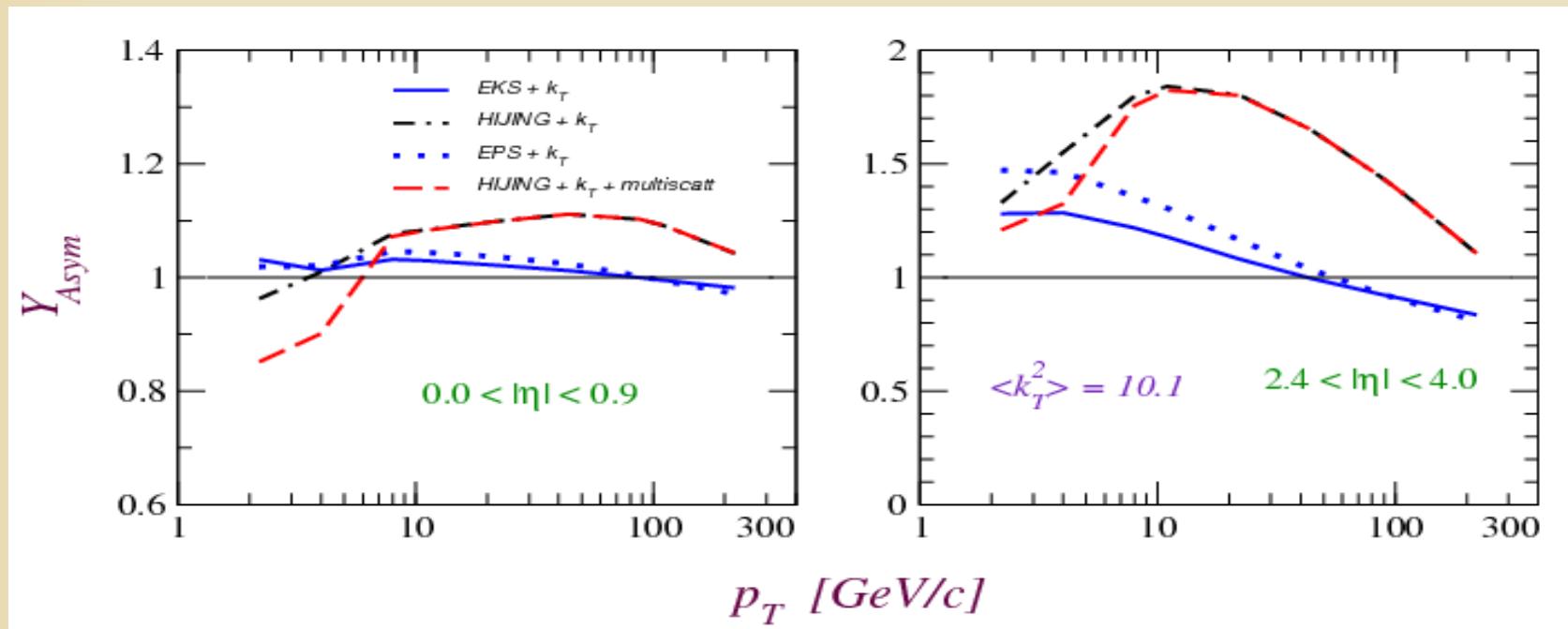


GGB, J. Barret, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop (in preparation 2012)

Rapidity asymmetry for dPb at LHC

Pion production with kTpQCD @ 8.8 ATeV

$$Y_{Asym}^h(p_T) = E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{d^3p_T} \Big|_{\eta < 0} / E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{d^3p_T} \Big|_{\eta > 0}$$



A. Adeluy, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, PRC80 (2009) 014903

Rapidity asymmetry for dAu at RHIC

Pion production with kTpQCD @ 200 AGeV

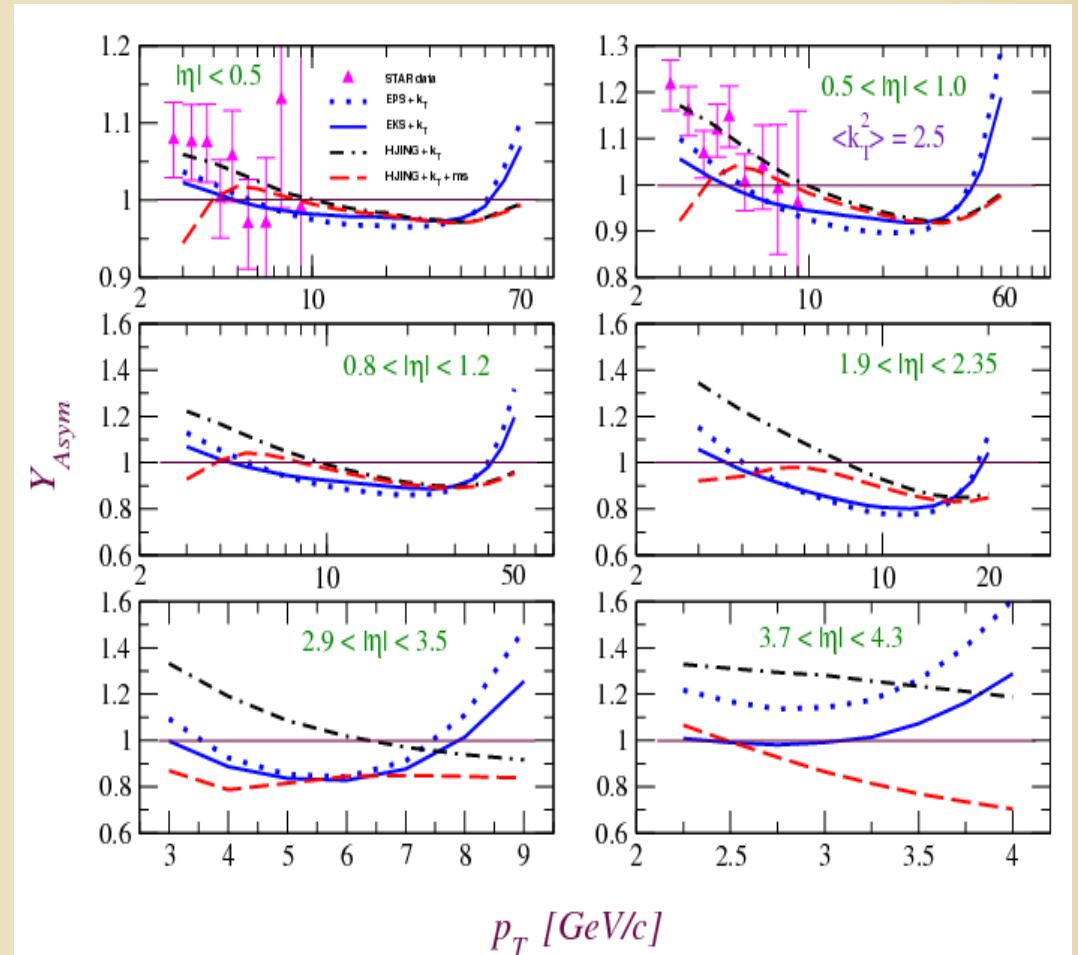
Rapidity asymmetry

$$Y_{Asym}^h(p_T) = E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{d^3p_T} \Big|_{\eta < 0} / E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{d^3p_T} \Big|_{\eta > 0}$$

Relation to NMF

$$Y_{Asym}^h(p_T) = R_\eta^h(p_T) = \frac{R_{dAu}^h(p_T, \eta < 0)}{R_{dAu}^h(p_T, \eta > 0)}$$

X-scaling is OK,
Multiscattering changes $Y(\eta)$

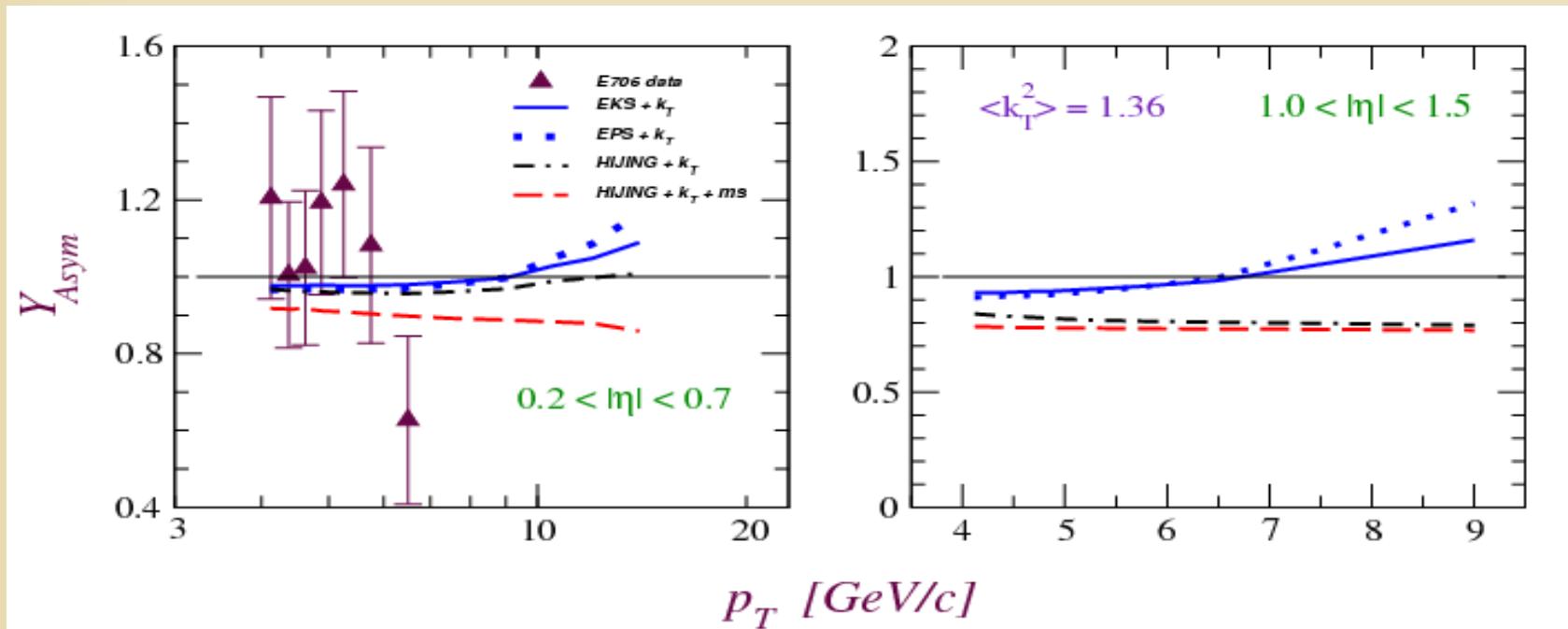


A. Adeluy, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, PRC80 (2009) 014903

Rapidity asymmetry for pBe at FNAL

Pion production with kTpQCD @ 30.7 GeV

$$Y_{Asym}^h(p_T) = E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{d^3p_T} \Big|_{\eta < 0} / E_h \frac{d^3\sigma_{AB}^h}{d^3p_T} \Big|_{\eta > 0}$$



A. Adeluy, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, PRC80 (2009) 014903

Midrapidity $R_{dA}(x_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$

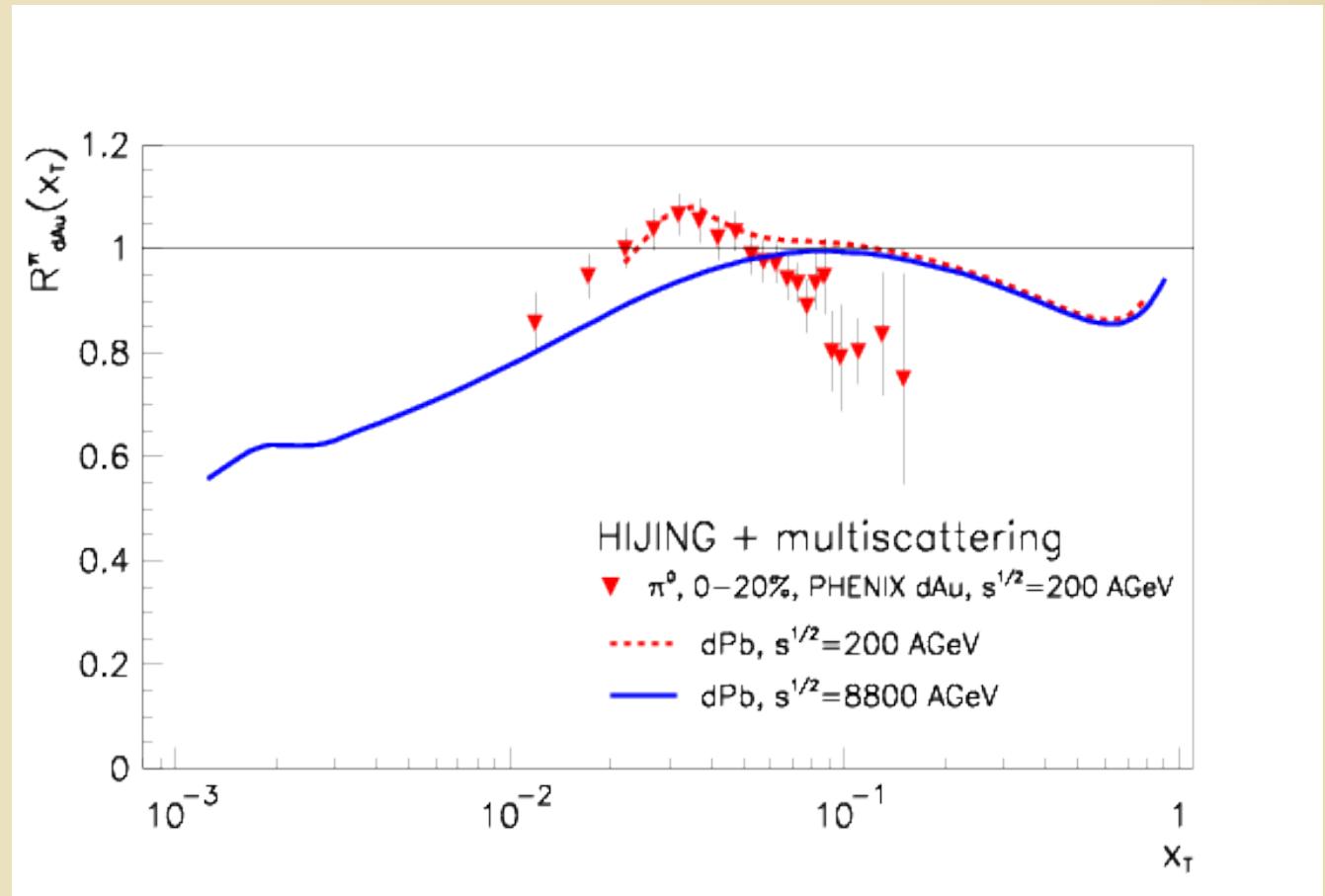
Pion production with HIJING shadowing kTpQCD @ 0.2 & 8.8 ATeV

HIJING Shadowing

x-scaling

DGLAP evolution

Need for additional
multiple scattering



GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, BA Cole, G. Papp, Indian J.Phys. 84 (2010) 1721-1725

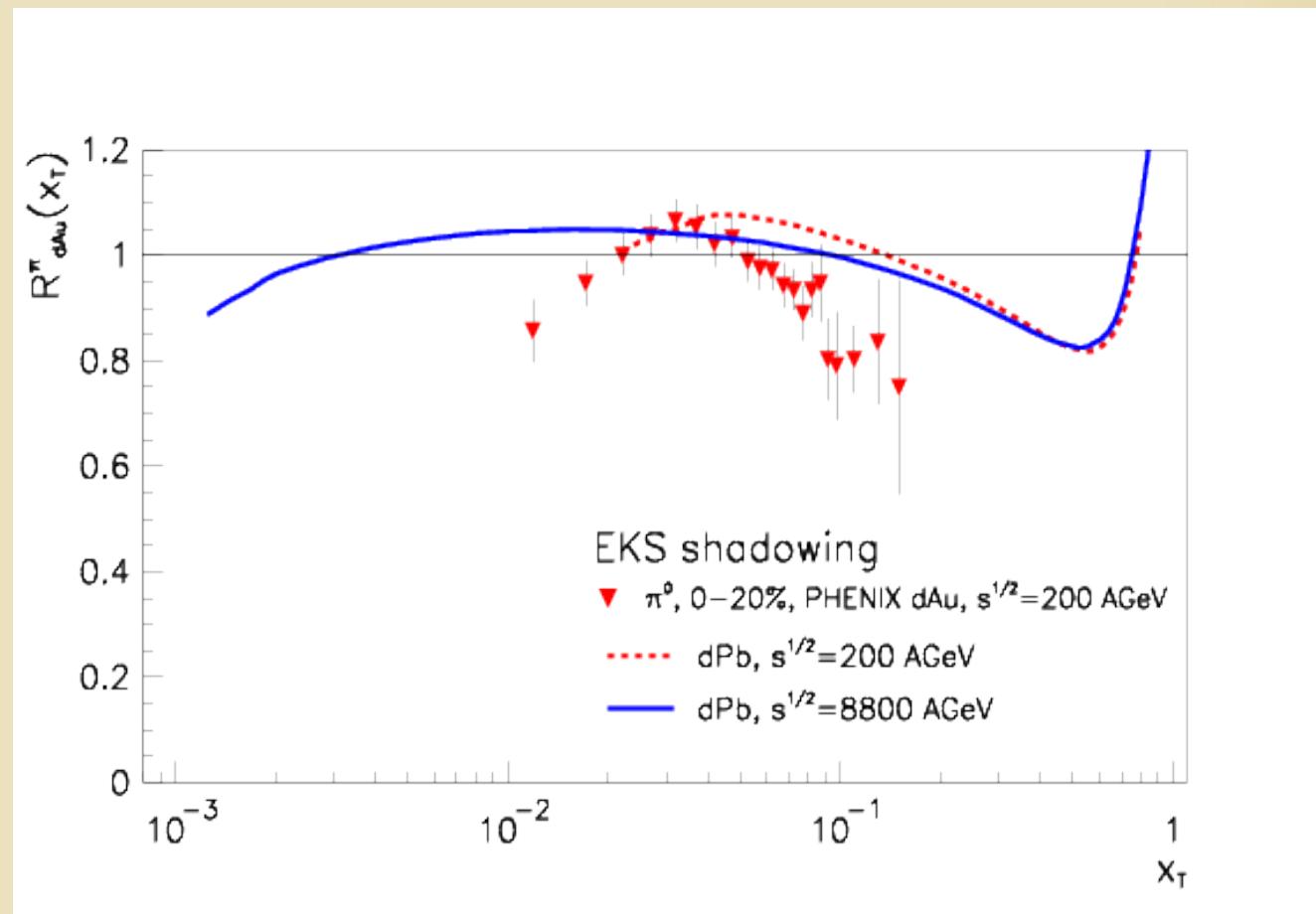
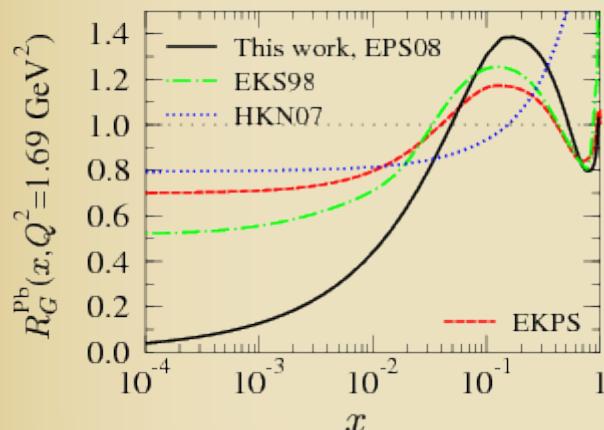
Midrapidity $R_{dA}(x_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$

Pion production with EKS shadowing kTpQCD @ 0.2 & 8.8 ATeV

EKS Shadowing

x-scaling

DGLAP evolution



GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, BA Cole, G. Papp, Indian J.Phys. 84 (2010) 1721-1725

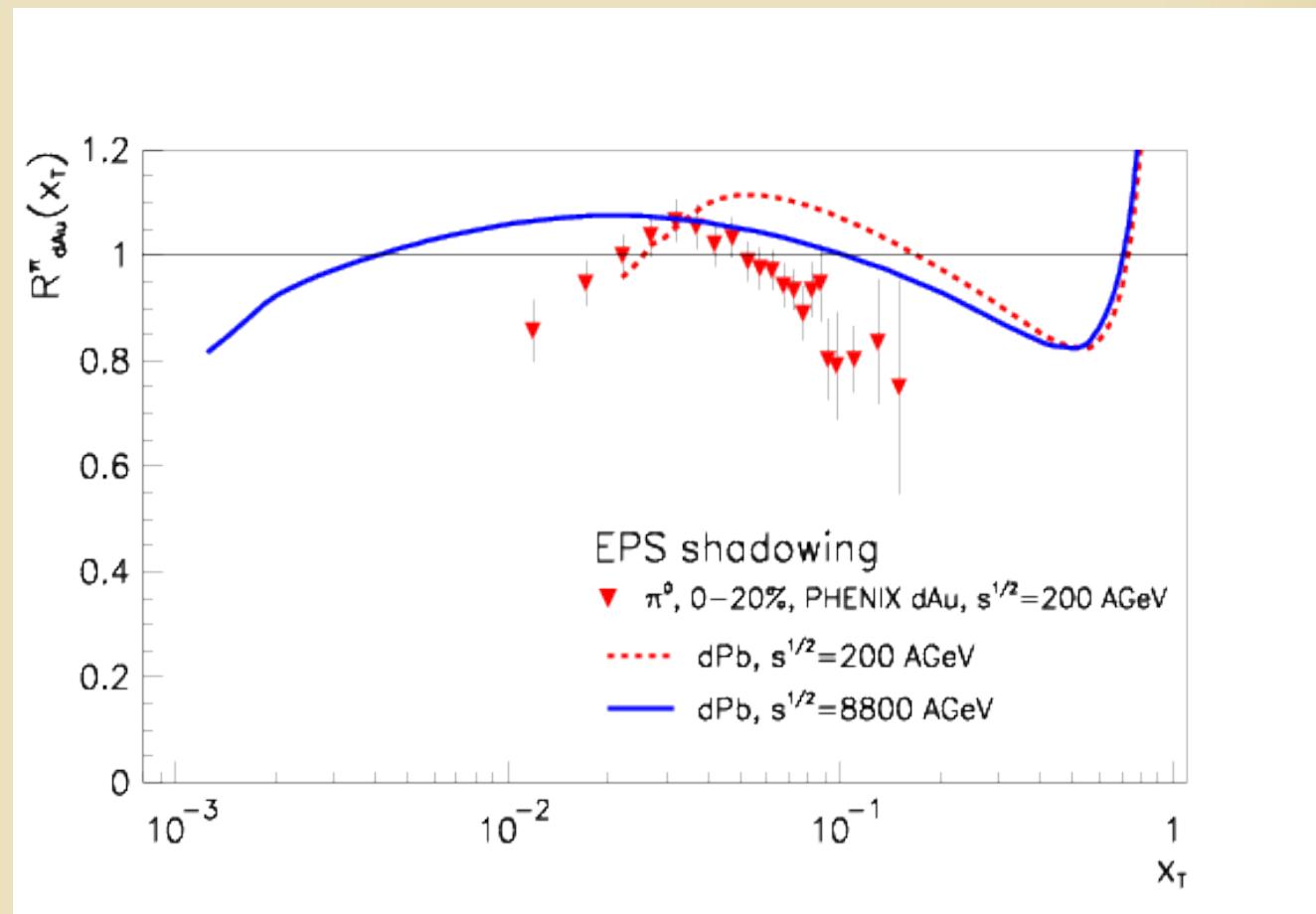
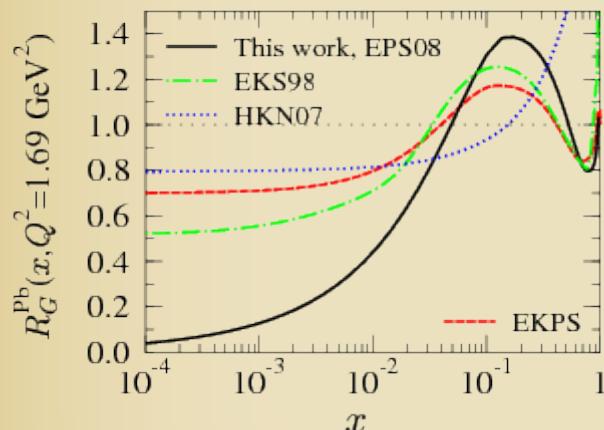
Midrapidity $R_{dA}(x_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$

Pion production with EPS shadowing kTpQCD @ 0.2 & 8.8 ATeV

EPS Shadowing

x-scaling

DGLAP evolution



GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, BA Cole, G. Papp, Indian J.Phys. 84 (2010) 1721-1725

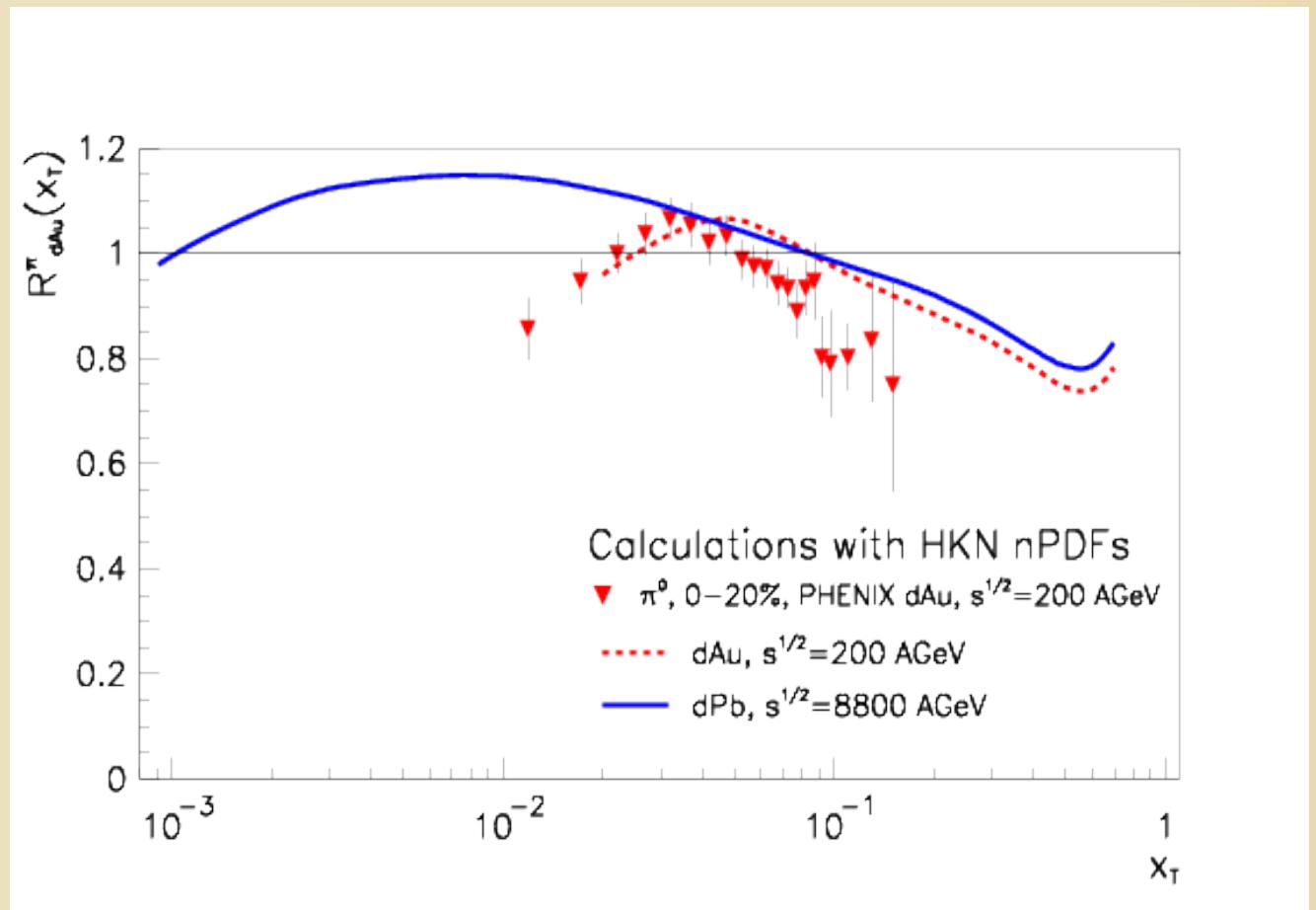
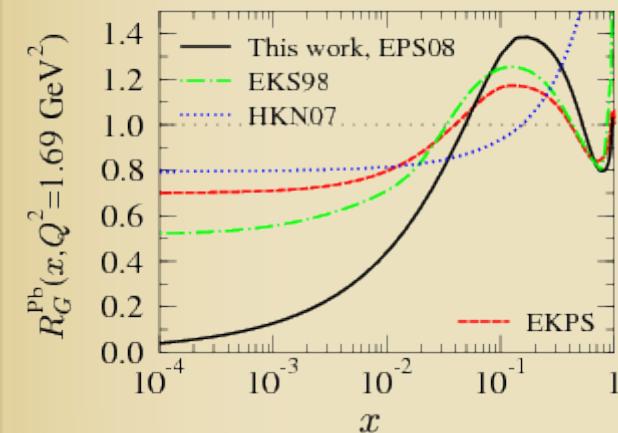
Midrapidity $R_{dA}(x_T)$ for $|\eta| < 0.35$

Pion production with HKN shadowing kTpQCD @ 0.2 & 8.8 ATeV

HKN Shadowing

x-scaling

DGLAP evolution



BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

The Nuclear Modification Factor, R_{pA}

- Measuring nuclear effects 'precisely'

ratio of the
hadron spectra

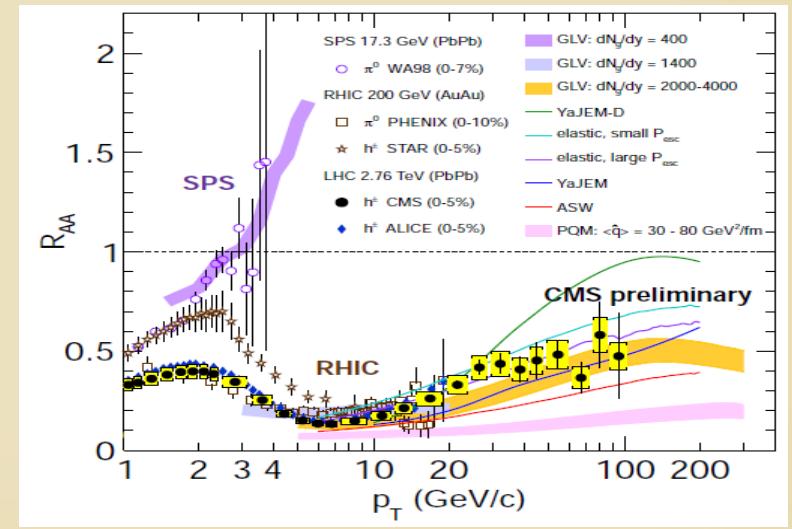
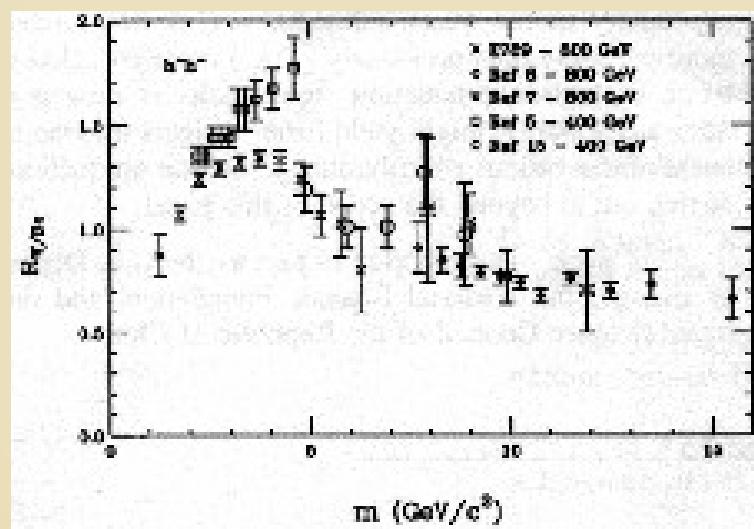
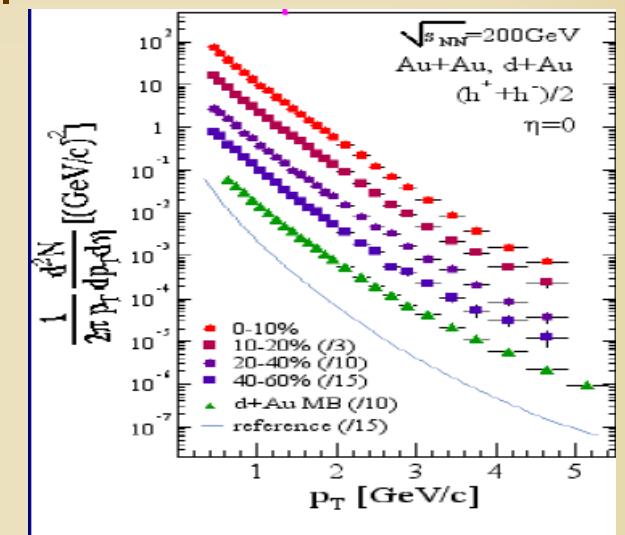
$$R_{dAu} \equiv \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{d^2N^{d+Au}/dp_T d\eta}{d^2N_{inel}^{p+p}/dp_T d\eta}.$$

$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{d^2N_{ch}^{AA}/dp_T d\eta}{\langle T_{AA} \rangle d^2\sigma_{ch}^{NN}/dp_T d\eta}$$

- Collisions:

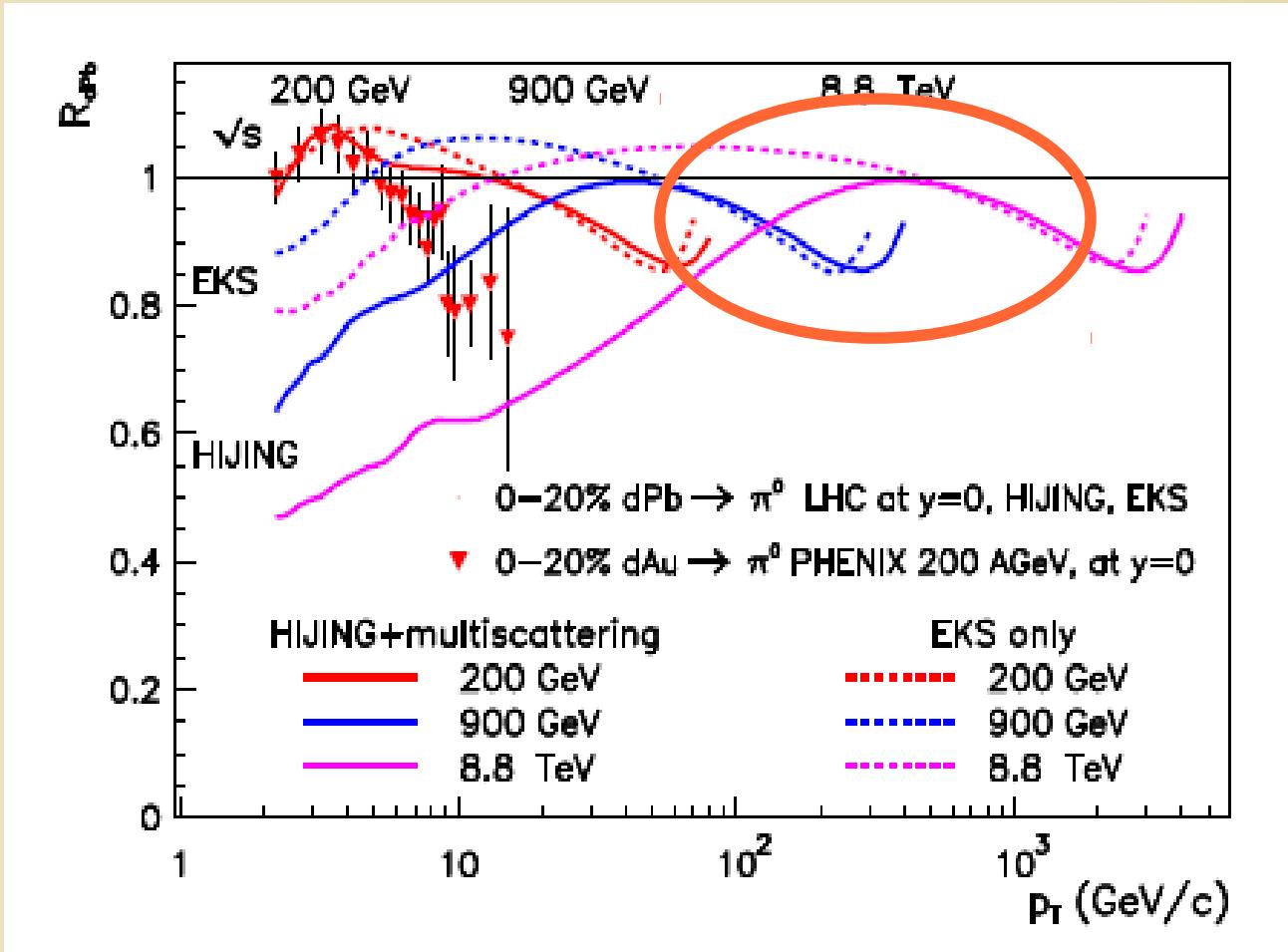
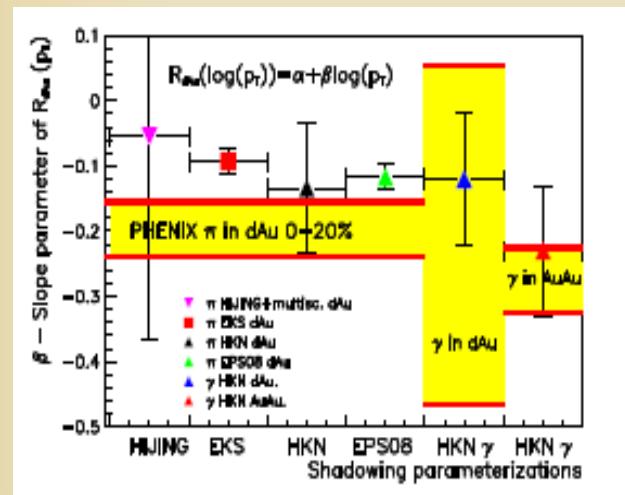
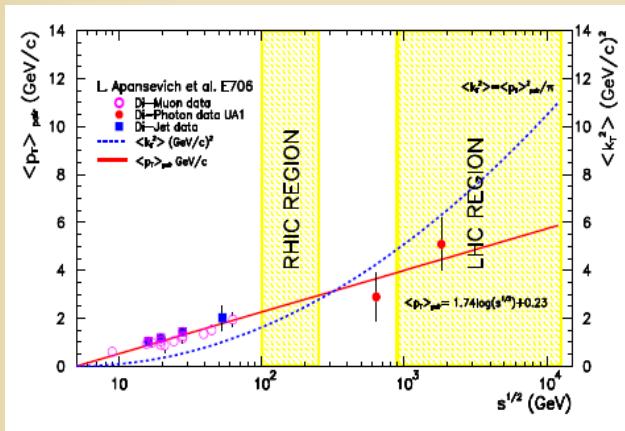
proton-nucleus (pA)

or nucleus-nucleus (AA, AA')



Midrapidity $R_{dA}(p_T)$ for LHC - Summary

Extreme high- p_T Pion production kTpQCD @ 0.2, 0.9, & 8.8 ATeV

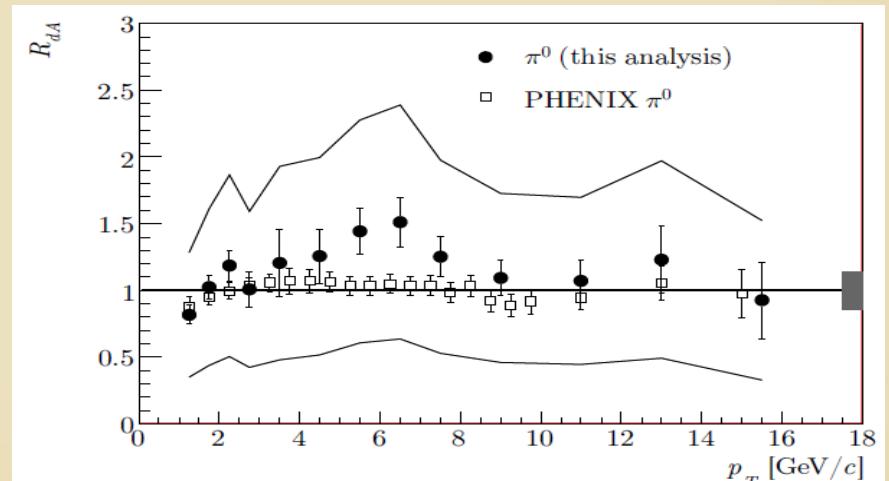
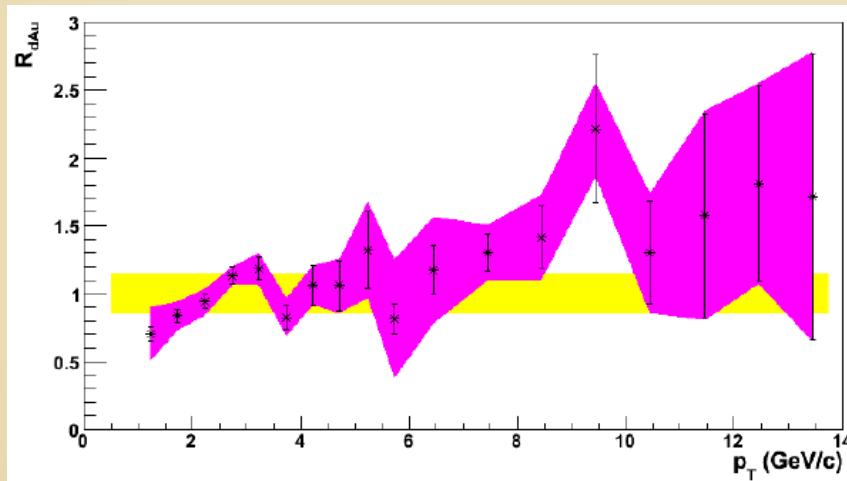
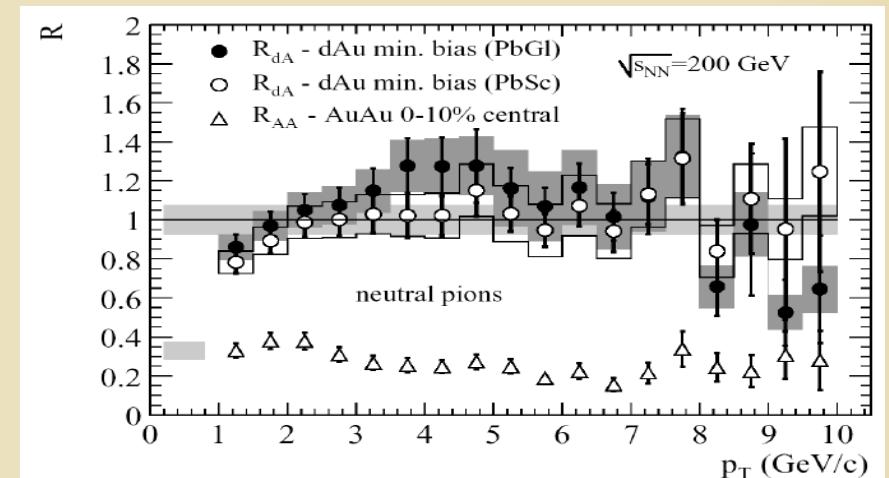
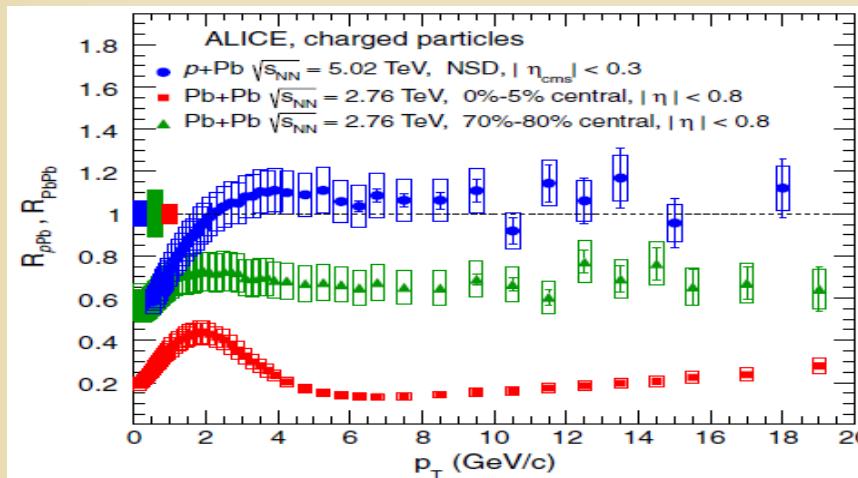


BA Cole, GGB, G. Fai, P. Lévai, G. Papp, arXiv:08073384 (2007)

MOTIVATION

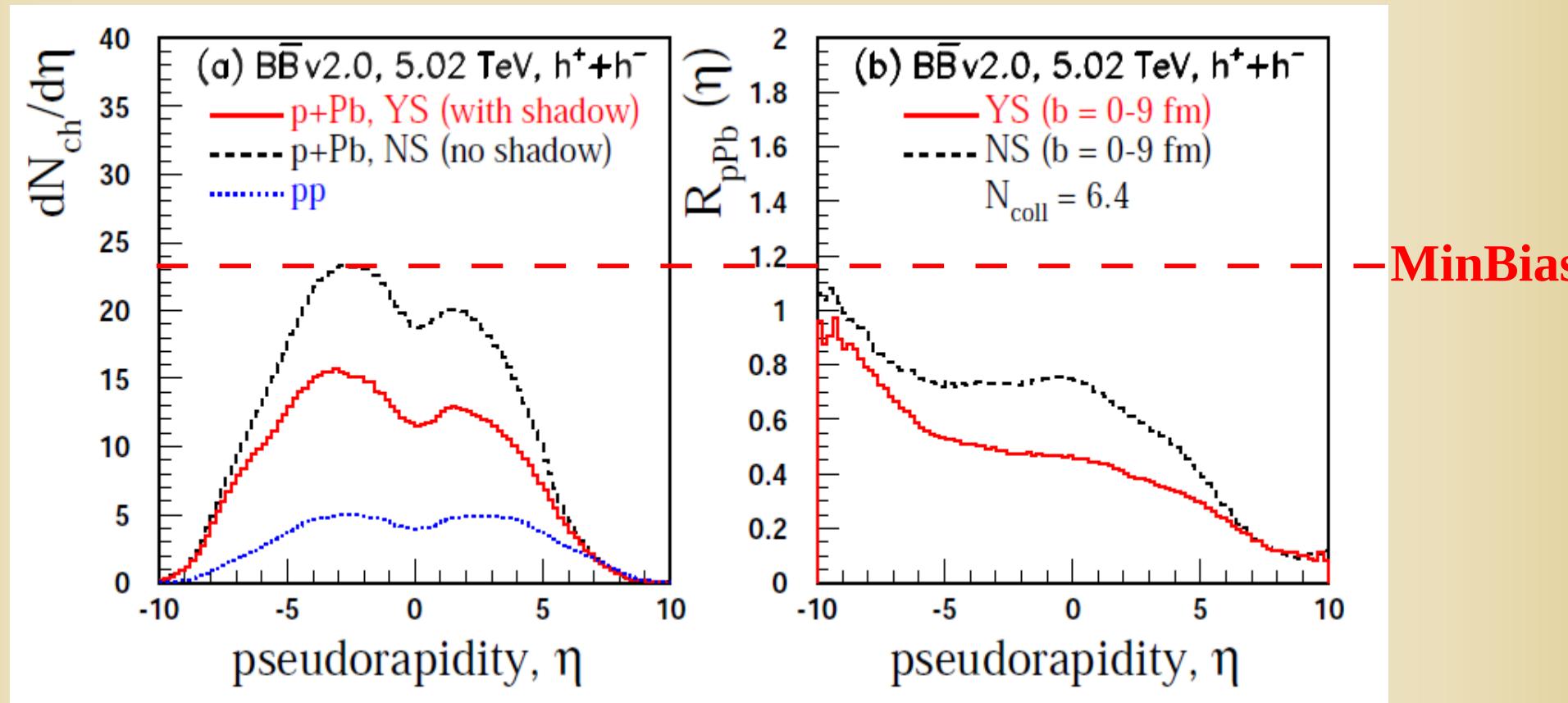
- Motivation for pPb/dAu collisions

Preliminary dAu data from PHENIX@QM12 (B. Sahlmueller)



HIJINGB/B 2.0: Rapidity distribution for pp & pPb

Charged hadron production with HIJING 2.0 @ 5.02 ATeV MinBias



GGB, J. Barret, M. Gyulassy, P. Lévai, V. Topor Pop (in preparation 2012)

The Collection of pA/dAu Data

CP [23, 24]	p	d, Be, Ti, W	19, 4; 23, 7; 27, 4	≈ 0	[0, 77; 6, 91]	$\pi^\pm, K^\pm, p^\pm, d^\pm$
ITA [115]	p	C, W	$p_{inc} = 50 - 275$	[0, 7; 1, 0]	[0, 2; 2, 35]	π^\pm, K^\pm, p^\pm
FNAL [119]	n	Be, Al, C, Sn, Pb	27, 4	[4, 0; 8, 0]	[0, 1; 1, 7]	h^\pm, π^+, p
FNAL [116]	p	Be, W	19, 4; 23, 7; 27, 4	≈ 0	[0, 2; 4, 5]	$\pi^\pm, K^\pm, p^\pm, h^\pm$
CP [118]	π^-	p, Be, Cu, W	19, 4; 23, 7	≈ 0	[0, 8; 5, 78]	π^\pm, K^\pm, p^\pm
E577/E672 [117]	p	p, Be, C, Al, Cu, Pb	38, 8	[-0, 75; 0, 75]	[0, 6; 11, 5]	h^\pm
E605/E789 [114]	p	Be, W	38, 8	≈ 0	[0, 5; 11, 5]	h^\pm
E605 [69, 70]	p	d, Be, W	38, 8	≈ 0	[0, 5; 11, 0]	π^\pm, K^\pm, p^\pm
E706 [59]	p	Be	31, 6; 38, 8	[-0, 75; 0, 75]	[1, 0; 12, 0]	π^0, η
E706 [113]	p, π^-	Be, Cu	30, 7	[-0, 7; 0, 7]	[3, 5; 10, 0]	π^0, γ
WA80 [144]	S	S, Au	19, 4	[2, 1; 2, 9]	[0, 3; 3, 9]	π^0, γ
WA98 [140]	Pb	Pb, Nb	17, 3	[2, 3; 4, 4]	[0, 3; 3, 7]	π^0, γ
CERES [126]	Pb	Au	17, 3	[2, 1; 2, 6]	[1, 5; 3, 3]	π^\pm
PHENIX [122, 123]	p, Au	p, d, Au	130, 200	$ \eta \leq 0, 35; 2, 0$	[0, 5; 10, 0]	π^0, h^\pm, γ
BRAHMS [127, 128]	p, Au	p, d, Au	130, 200	0, 0; 1, 0; 2, 2; 3, 2	[0, 5; 6, 0]	π^0, h^\pm
STAR [129, 130]	p, Au	p, d, Au	130, 200	$ \eta \leq 0, 5; 2, 0$	[0, 2; 5, 5]	$\pi^0, h^\pm, \Lambda, K, \gamma$
PHOBOS [132, 133]	p, Au	p, d, Au	62, 4; 130; 200	0, 4; 0, 8; 1, 2	[0, 5; 3, 5]	$K^\pm, p^\pm \pi^0, h^\pm$